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VOLUME XIX. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1885. NUMBER 43.

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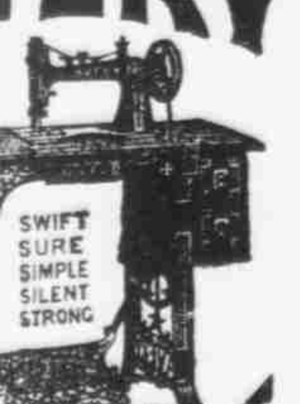

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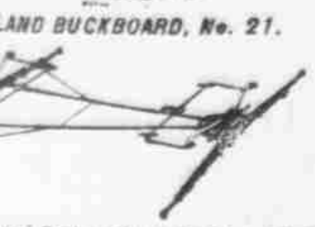

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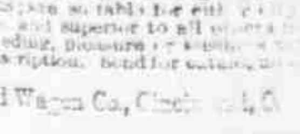

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THE LITTLE CHURCH MOUSE.

A little church mouse stole out of his house,
At the top of the pulpit stair,
And slyly looked down at the folks of the town,
Professing to kneel in prayer;
But he saw that many had come to be seen,
And that more had come to see;
So he stole inside to his little brown bride,
And thus to his mate sang he,
"A very strange world is the world below;
I havn't much faith in its faith, you know."

The little church mouse look'd out of his house,
Where the tinted sunbeams play;
While he watch'd the bride leave her father's side,
And December mated with May.
Then he heard her whisper her life long vows,
As she took his gift of gold;
So he sadly sang, while the church bells rang
For a heart that was bought and sold,
"A very strange love is the love below,
I wouldn't give much for the lot, I trow."

This little church mouse look'd out of his house,
Thro' the haze of the dying day,
While the children wept, where a lov'd one slept,
To wake in the far-away,
When he heard the message of perfect peace,
That floated on unseen wings,
This little church mouse stole into his house,
And still to himself he sings,
"A very strange life this life would be
Were it not for the end that we may not see."

CHECKMATED.

"Here, George," said Charles Lambert to his brother, "is Mr. Clayton's check for my month's salary. As you're going to the bank, I wish you would draw the money for me. I'm going to the country this evening, and have some preparations to make."

"All right, Charley," replied the other, folding the check and putting it in his pocket.

* * * * * * * *

George and Charles Lambert were brothers, devotedly attached to each other, and both employed as clerks in the establishment of Mr. Clayton, a rich importing merchant.

George Lambert was not passing a very cheerful evening in his brother's absence, and was just thinking of walking over and spending an hour with Ethelind Hale, when Herbert Randall called.

The visitor was Mr. Clayton's confidential manager and—prospective partner, rumor said. George Lambert looked a little surprised at his entrance, for Mr. Randall was not inclined to be over-sociable with his inferiors in the house.

With a stiff bow he took the seat which George offered, while the latter waited to be informed of the object of the call.

"You presented a check at the bank this afternoon," said Mr. Randall, looking sternly at George, who wondered what was coming.

"I presented Mr. Clayton's check for a hundred dollars," said the young man, "and received the money on it; it was all right, I suppose."

Mr. Randall shook his head gravely.

"What?—is there anything wrong about it?" asked George, with visible trepidation.

"It is a forgery!" said Mr. Randall.

"A forgery!" exclaimed George—"impossible!—my broth——"

He checked himself suddenly. He was about to explain how he got the check; but the position in which the disclosure would place his brother flashed upon him, and at once determined his course.

Mr. Randall, he remembered, had been looking over some papers at a desk not far from Charles and himself, at the time he received the check, but it was not probable that he had paid attention to the fact. There was no clue by which the false instrument, which was payable to bearer, could be traced to anyone but the person who had presented it. The known facts, George Lambert knew, implicated himself alone. If he kept his mouth closed, no breath of suspicion could fall upon his brother. That the check was a forgery, Mr. Randall's statement left him no room to doubt; and, if it was, his brother, who professed to have received it directly from Mr. Clayton, could not be ignorant of its character. Charles, he knew, was a little given to extravagance, and might, he feared, in an unguarded moment, been tempted into crime, of which it broke his heart to believe him guilty, but from the consequences of which he would shield him, if need be, at the cost of life itself.

"I wish to befriend you," said Mr. Randall, breaking the painful silence which ensued. "The amount is trifling, and the affair might be arranged by returning the money, but——"

"It is out of my power to return the money," interrupted George, who had given it to his brother shortly after receiving it at the bank.

"The difficulty is, I was about to say," resumed Mr. Randall, "that Mr. Clayton is not only highly incensed, but, being very strict in his notions, he refuses to listen to any terms but a rigorous enforcement of the law. There is, however, time for escape, and——"

George did not wait for the conclusion of the sentence. Flight would be a circumstance rendering still more conclusive the evidence of his own guilt, and, whatever strengthened that, furnished an additional safeguard to his brother.

"If I see you will not intercept me, then," said George, eagerly.

"I do not believe you a hardened criminal," replied Mr. Randall, "and would fain hope that, in some distant land, you may yet lead an honest and useful life—at any rate, I shall place no obstacle in your way."

George pressed the hand of Mr. Randall, whom he warmly thanked for his generous conduct.

"I will go at once," he said, "and trust my future course will justify your magnanimous forbearance."

With much good advice on the one side, and many grateful expressions on the other, the two parted; and George Lambert went forth a fugitive, without hope of ever again seeing the two objects dearest to his heart—his mother and Ethelind Hale.

* * * * * * * *

Three years sped; Herbert Randall had grown in influence in the house, and the time was fixed when he was to be admitted as a partner. Ethelind Hale had striven, and, in her own belief, successfully to forget her old lover, George Lambert. From the time of his disappearance Mr. Randall had paid her assiduous court. His addresses were coldly received at first, but there is nothing like being slighted by one man to bend a woman's ear to listen to another. She is always ready to make a show of believing that quite as good fish remain to be found in the sea as the one which has escaped from her net. Besides, Ethelind's father was growing old and had met with reverses. To provide him a home in his old age she felt was a duty. She could do this by becoming the wife of Herbert Randall, to whose suit she at last consented to listen.

One day a stranger entered Mr. Clayton's counting-house, and inquired for the proprietor.

"I am his principal assistant," said Herbert Randall, "and can attend to any business you may have."

"I wish to see Mr. Clayton personally," the stranger answered, and, after some delay, he was admitted to the inner office.

When the door was closed and the stranger seated, Mr. Clayton wanted to learn his business.

"You had a young man in your employ once named Lambert—George Lambert," the stranger began.

"I had," Mr. Clayton answered, scrutinizing [illegible] curiously.

"He has commissioned me to deliver this," the stranger continued, placing a package in the hand of Mr. Clayton, who opened it and found it to contain a number of bank bills.

The old gentleman looked puzzled.

"This is a mystery," he said; "was there no message sent?"

"N—none in particular," the stranger stammered; "that is, unless I choose to say that it was on account of a forged check of yours, on which George Lambert drew the money three years ago. You will find the principal and interest all right, I think."

"But no money was ever drawn on a forged check of mine," said Mr. Clayton, more and more astonished; "and as for George Lambert, though he disappeared mysteriously about the time you mention, an honester fellow never breathed."

"And so the check was not a forgery?" cried the stranger.

"What check?"

"The check for a hundred dollars, bearing your name, which Charles Lambert gave his brother, and on which the latter drew the money just before his disappearance."

"I tell you, no forged check of mine has been presented," said Mr. Clayton; "and I am sure neither George Lambert nor his brother ever thought of doing a dishonest act."

"Thank God!" exclaimed the stranger, and throwing aside his disguise, George Lambert approached and grasped his old employer's hand.

Just then Herbert Randall entered.

George Lambert turned upon him fiercely.

"It was that villain," he said, who made me believe that the check was false, and that I was accused of a crime, of which I thought, as I am convinced he well knew, I could only clear myself by denouncing my brother. He counseled flight, and I yielded to his advice, to save, as I believed, my brother's liberty and good name. Scoundrel! I know your motives now. I have heard of your contemplated marriage. It was to clear the way for that that you made me an exile. Ethelind Hale shall know all, and she is far too noble to bestow her hand as the reward for perfidy!"

Herbert Randall hung his head in confusion. He never became the partner of Mr. Clayton or the husband of Ethelind Hale. Indeed the latter has been for several years Mrs. George Lambert, and Charles is junior member in the house of Clayton & Co.

HOW TO CURE OBESITY.

Idea Advanced by German Physicians—Medicine to Be Avoided.

In the Fourth Congress of German physicians the first subject discussed was corpulence. Ebstein advanced the opinion that drugs were of little service in reducing the amount of fat, and that an entire change in the regimen—including both change of diet and of the manner of living—was necessary.

Any method which reduced the general nutrition, and thus removed fat, was a failure; the fat alone must be removed. The method must not require the individual to give up his business during treatment, else it would not be generally applicable. The method must be capable of being continued indefinitely without producing unpleasant results, for individuals predisposed to corpulence by heredity or constitution must keep up the diet for a long time.

One method is to cut off all fatty foods. But as carbohydrates may be changed into fat in the body, this is not reasonable. The object is rather to prevent the formation of fat in the body. To secure this it is necessary to regulate the proportion of albuminous, starchy, and fatty foods, so that perfect nutrition shall be secured, but no excess of fat produced. The necessary amount of fat for a healthy man is 149 grains per diem.

If this is reduced one-half a part of the amount necessary for nutrition will be taken from the body to compensate for the reduced allowance in the food, and thus the excess of fat may be removed. Under this system the individual does not suffer the distress which is felt by those who are cut off from all fatty food, and the results are more successful and agreeable than those of the Banting system. The amount of carbohydrates is to be reduced so that no surplus above bodily needs shall be taken.

In the Banting system the diet is chiefly nitrogenous, which often causes indigestion. Ebstein gives nitrogenous food, with the reduced allowance of starch and fat in sufficient quantity to keep up the general nutrition and working strength, but not in such amounts as to overload and embarrass the organs which digest proteids. The necessity of muscular exercise of sufficient force to produce free perspiration is insisted upon. This system has met with approval in Germany on account of its success.

Henneberg, in discussing the subject, approached it from a different side, and, by a review of the methods adopted in fattening cattle, sought to deduce the rules necessary to be observed in avoiding the accumulation of fat in man. The general discussion elicited varying views upon the physiology of digestion, but all agreed that the use of medicine for reducing corpulence was to be avoided.

No Aristocrats Need Apply.

One day big, handsome Ben Le Fevre was laving his rotund and jovial personality in a marble bathtub in the House bathroom at the capitol.

While he was disporting himself in tepid water, made foaming with scented soaps, and was about ready to be rubbed dry by the attendant, a messenger came down and called to him from the outside that there were some gentlemen above anxious to see him on important business for a moment, as they were obliged to depart hurriedly to catch a train.

"Who are they?" called the general, blowing the water out of his mustache with a snort like a porpoise.

"They are some gentlemen from Ohio, sir."

"Are they people from my district?" asked Ben.

"Yes, sir," answered the messenger.

"Then for heaven's sake don't send them down here. Shut the doors there and keep them out. Good Lord! if any of them find I bathe in a marble tub and am rubbed down by a nigger instead of going down to the creek and drying myself with my shirt, it will lose me a thousand votes."

The unterrified and unwashed constituents didn't get in.

Perils of the Campaign.

Mrs. Pompano—Merciful goodness, George! What does this mean? Half-past three, and here you are——

Mr. Pompano—My dear, I've been out with the boys——

Mrs. P.—From the appearance of your clothes I should say you had been out with the pigs.

Mr. P. (with dignity)—Hear me out! I have been crushing out some campaign slanders.

Mrs. P. (with severity)—Let me advise you, George, to use your feet the next time you go out crushing. Your hat looks as if you had butted out the slanders.

TURKISH LADIES.

Their Personal Appearance—A Distinct Type—Fond of Adornments, Etc.

In personal appearance Turkish women present a type as peculiar and remarkable as any nation under heaven.

Their complexions are generally fair, and of the most delicate softness, owing doubtless to the constant use of the bath, as well as the protection of the yashmak, or veil, without which they never go abroad.

Exquisitely arched eyebrows are so essential to their ideas of beauty that they are never contented till, by repeated application of artificial means, they raise their brows to a lofty semicircle.

The tips of fingers and toes are frequently strained with henna, producing the roseate so much a la mode.

Beauty-spots, or moles, are considered of great value, and if nature has proved niggard in this respect, art is brought into requisition to produce the same contrasting effect between the tiny circle of jetty hue and the surrounding fairness.

They are not backward in the matter of toilette. Indeed, they are perhaps more fond of adorning themselves by dress than all their sisters in Christendom.

Their costume is as peculiar as their personal appearance. It consists of two parts—the entarry and the shalvar. The entarry, or dress, is a long robe, trailing about a yard behind the person, and resembles much the morning dress of a European lady, only the entarry is composed of three skirts, as it were, open in front and on the two sides, the latter openings extending to the hips. The front skirts are not thrown open, as is the European fashion, but brought together and buttoned up, the ends gathered up between the limbs and thrown back, which, pressing upon the skirt behind, serve to form the train.

When the ladies are under no restraint of etiquette, the trains of their dresses are either tucked up to their girdles or held in their hands, and thus they walk about the house in a free and easy style, whether rollicking, chasing each other, dancing, strolling in the garden, or engaged in household work. These trains are, however, immediately dropped in the presence of visitors, as a European lady might drop her pinned-up skirt.

As no one enters the house in the same shoes as are used in the streets, and their dwellings are scrupulously clean, there is little or nothing to soil their trailing robes. The gentlemen always wear galoches, or overshoes, which they take off at the threshold, and even the European physicians who visit the harems professionally are obliged to provide themselves with light slippers, which they slip over their boots.

The shalvar, or trousers, are made very ample, and are not fastened about the ankles, as represented on the stage or at fancy balls; but being made much longer than the person, they are secured just below the knee, and the extra length is allowed to fall about the ankles in graceful folds, assuming the semblance of a skirt. The upper part being gathered about the waist, serves the purposes of a bustle, giving the wearer a graceful tournure.

A belt or a scarf encircles the waist, a coquetish coiffure surmounts the head, and embroidered slippers adorn the feet. These slippers are worn slipshod to facilitate their leaving them on the floor when they ascend and seat themselves on the sofas.

Their movements are graceful, their forms being under no artificial restraint, as that instrument of torture, ycleped the corset, is never worn by them.

Their gait is also peculiar. They do not move about on tiptoe, or walk in measured and firm steps, but glide about softly in a dignified manner, as if "skimming the earth," in a sort of glissade which is considered lady-like in their own estimation.

Their costume, according to Oriental taste, always consisting of long flowing robes, may be supposed to admit of no change. But on the contrary, the ladies, having little other occupation, delight in varying the shape and style of their dress. Fashion, therefore, is as prevalent in the East as it is in the West; and as it is in all other countries regulated by the court, so at Constantinople it is controlled by the ladies of the palace.

Sometimes the hair is worn long, again cropped short; sometimes braided and hanging like that of a young girl in this country; at other times allowed to fall over the shoulders in flowing tresses. The bang is purely Turkish, having originated with them, as is the square cut of the neck of a dress known as the "Pompadour," which style that lady has doubtless borrowed from the Turkish belles.

Sometimes the entarry is worn high-neck, and at others decollete, exposing much of the bust, but never the shoulders.

A fess (not fez) with flossy tassel is one day the mode, and a fantastic turban is adopted the next morning.

The sleeves of the dress are long and wide, hanging from the elbows; and again this drapery is dispensed with, and they are confined at the wrist.

Sometimes a heavy cashmere shawl entwines their waist, and at others a simple sash or belt with a clasp encircles the ceinture.

The sides of the entarry are sometimes left open to the hips, to allow the heavy embroidery on the shalvar to appear, and again they are closed down to below the knees.

Sometimes their dresses are laden with heavy embroidery, passementerie, and gold lace, and at others all trimmings are dispensed with, and they appear in a naive simplicity.—[Harper's Bazar.

She Appreciated It.

A widow whose age might have been forty, went into business a few weeks ago, and the first move was to get a sign painted. The services of a sign-painter were secured, and when he finished his work he put on his "imprint" by placing his initials, "W. A. H." down on the left hand corner of the sign. When the widow came to criticise the work she queried:

"What does 'W. A. H.' stand for?"

"Why, 'Wanted, A Husband,' replied the painter.

"Oh, yes, I see," she mused. "It was very thoughtful in you, and here is a dollar extra."

She Wanted Style.

Little Mable was saying her prayers the other night, and had concluded the usual petitions for earthly blessings for herself and family, when she suddenly paused and looking up into her mother's face said:

"There is one thing more I want to ask for, mamma; can I?"

"Certainly, if it is nothing wicked," was the reply.

At this the little one proceeded: "And make all our folks stylish, amen."

BUNCO MEN'S VICTIMS.

Some of the Ways for Earning a Dishonest Penny—Fleecing a Clergyman.

The prince of the three-card monte and bunco men in Virginia is a man named Skivington. He tells some very interesting anecdotes. He picked up a clergyman who was on a visit to the capital for the first time. He invited him to witness the explosion of some mythical patent torpedoes under several equally mythical old hulks across the Potomac. The clergyman went, and they met the customary coterie of three-card-monte men, and pretty soon the usual cattle drover came along, apparently drunk and displaying a big roll of money. The game was, of course, three-card monte, and the drover recklessly bet with his confederate and lost a considerable sum. Skivington showed the clergyman how the drover was being cheated and invited him to take a hand and win some money. The clergyman, however, had conscientious scruples against gambling, but finally Skivington made a proposition to him, saying that the drover would certainly be swindled out of all his money by the sharpers and suggesting that it would be doing a Christian act to win his money, get his address and then place the winnings in the bank to his credit, where he could recover them when he was sober.

This looked like a charitable act, so the clergyman gave Skivington his pocketbook containing several hundred dollars, and it was ventured on the cards and lost. Skivington was profuse in his apologies and regrets, and while the drover was gathering in his money a stranger appeared on the scene with a very wicked looking double-barreled gun? He was furious at the discovery that gambling had been going on on his land, and started toward a house a hundred yards away, where, he said, a constable resided. It was explained to the clergyman that the statutes of Virginia impose a penalty of two years upon all persons detected and convicted of the crime of gambling, and no sooner had the bogus farmer taken a dozen steps toward the house than the clergyman made a dash for the river, followed closely by Skivington. They jumped into a boat and rowed back to Washington, the minister actually thanking the gambler for having saved him from arrest and disgrace, so little did he suspect the real character of his companion.

Skivington had another adventure with a lawyer, under similar circumstances; but the lawyer even risked his watch and returned to Washington absolutely penniless. When the bogus farmer appeared with the shot gun, the lawyer gave one yell and made toward Long Bridge, a distance of some five miles. He ran like a deer through the mud, and as it was raining he arrived in Washington wet to the skin. He is an intimate friend of Secretary Lamar, and told that official all about his experience at the Arlington. The good natured Secretary laughed until he cried, and then frankly told his legal friend that he had been swindled. The case was put in the hands of the detectives and they recovered the gold watch, but were, of course, unable to get back a single dollar of the money.

Something New in Engagement Rings.

"That ring," said a New York jeweler, as the reporter picked up a seven-stone cluster diamond, "will cost you $12. If you return it within six months you will receive a rebate of $5."

"What! Only $12 for a cluster diamond ring?" exclaimed the astonished scribe.

"I said $12," was the calm reply. "Here (lifting out another tray) is the mate to it—price $180."

"Enlighten me," pleaded the reporter.

"I will, although it is odd that you haven't caught on to this little game. The American is a hustler in all things. If he falls in love he goes with the same rush that would characterize a business transaction. He wants to be engaged and have the day set, but in perhaps three cases out of ten his ardor cools before the fatal day arrives, and he 'throws' the match. He was mistaken in the girl or in the strength of his own feelings and he breaks the match."

"I see."

"He has given the girl an engagement ring. He can scarcely muster up the cheek to ask for its return, and the chances are that he wouldn't get it if he did. This cluster diamond ring at $12 fills a long-felt want. The gold plating will wear for six months, and the paste diamonds will sparkle and glisten for about the same length of time. If at the end of six months he discovers that his feelings have changed he breaks off the match and is little or nothing out of pocket. If time has only welded his love the firmer, so to speak, he gets the spurious ring from her to have their initials engraved on the inside, and comes here and exchanges it for the Simon pure. See? It is a little trick of our own, but the jewelers of Boston, Philadelphia and other cities are catching on and and stealing our customers."

The Baby's Growth.

Any one who has listened to the usual talk of a mother or the nurse about her baby will have noticed that she endows it with a degree of intelligence which it is quite impossible that it should possess. She has no hesitation in infusing a grown-up mind into the helpless bundle in her arms, and in attributing to it likes and dislikes, perceptions, expressions of will and of temper, and various [illegible] and failings which are incompatible with its stage of development. It [illegible] natural misconception. Mothers [illegible] interested in comparing their child's progress with that of the typical [illegible] we therefore subjoin the following table:

Motion	First Attempt	With int[illegible] an[illegible]
Shaking the head	4 days	16 w[illegible]
Holding up the head	11 days	16 [illegible]
Seizing	17 days	17 [illegible]
Pointing	8 months	9 [illegible]
Sitting	14 weeks	42 w[illegible]
Standing	23 weeks	4[illegible]
Walking	41 weeks	[illegible]
Kissing	12 months	23 [illegible]
Jumping	27 months	28 m[illegible]

—BABYH[illegible]

The Editor was Considerate.

He walked into the sanctum with a sort of got-my-diploma-right-[illegible] look on his countenance, [illegible] near to the editor's desk, inquired:

"Can I see the editor?"

"Yes. What do you want?"

"I would like to write for your paper."

"What's your name?"

"John Adams."

"And you'd like to write for our paper?"

"Yes, sir, if you please."

"Got a pencil?"

"Yes, sir."

"Well just write your name and address, and I'll see that it's sent to you. Save you all the trouble of writing for it, you know. Good morning."

MY LITTLE WOMAN.

My little woman is not rich,
Stands not in that strong blaze of glory,
By fame flung to the lowest niche;
She is not praised in song or story.
She wears no costly diadem,
Or medal for some deed heroic;
She is not an angel or a stoic.

She never braved the roaring gale
To bring to land some half drowned sailor.
She'll never write a deathless tale,
Nor thousands at her death bewail her.
She clamors not for "woman's rights,"
She aims not for the Legislature,
She has her little human spites,
And sees her own weak woman's nature.

She'll never sound the trumpet's blast,
Or shine a star of any splendor.
She's just herself, from first to last,
Willing or willful, cold or tender.
This is her portrait. Not to good,
Of earth and dew, not superhuman,
For common life, and common food,
My best beloved, my little woman.

STORY OF A LOST DIAMOND.

How It Lifted a Man Out of Poverty—Travels of the Jewel.

LOST—On Wednesday evening, a diamond star. A liberal reward will be paid to the finder on its return to D. KING, 1,228 Connecticut av.

The above advertisement appeared in a Washington paper in February, 1885. A few days subsequently another advertisement appeared, offering a reward of $100 for the recovery of the brooch and no questions asked. The loser thought, perhaps, that the reward was not sufficient, for another advertisement followed offering $800 reward. It proved of no avail, however, at the time, and the owner gave up the brooch as irrevocably lost. Now comes the sequel.

A Washington young lady was visiting some friends in Philadelphia. Among her acquaintances was a young physician, who, in the course of conversation one evening, told her of a peculiar case that he had a short time before. He was hastily called one day to attend the sick child of an ignorant and poor Frenchman who had come to Philadelphia from Washington. The man was so poor that he had postponed summoning a physician until he feared the child would die, as he had no money to pay a physician's fee. Consequently, the physician found the child past recovery. He was called too late. He did all in his power, however, to save the little one; sat by the bedside and worked and watched, but all in vain. The Frenchman, although overcome with grief at his loss, was very grateful to the doctor for his unremitting efforts, and, telling him that there was no money in the house, slipped into his hand a lady's brooch, the only means he had of paying him. The doctor put it into his pocket without looking at it. He supposed it could be of little value, and he didn't care to mortify the poor Frenchman by examining it in his presence. On reaching his office, however, the flash of the stone setting almost convinced him that the jewels were genuine diamonds, and when he saw Tiffany's stamp on the back he no longer doubted. He took it to Bailey, Banks & Biddle's, where he was told that the stones were very valuable, and that the brooch was worth something over $1,000.

Returning to the Frenchman to inquire how such a valuable article came into his possession, the doctor learned that one night while in Washington the Frenchman was employed to take care of the gentleman's coat-room at an elegant entertainment given at one of the handsome residences in the West End. Late in the evening he found it necessary to go out on the pavement to find the carriage of one of the guests. In front of the house he trod on something hard, and looking down saw it glitter. He picked it up, and putting it in his pocket attended to his errand. He did not dream of the value of his find even after examining it later. Subsequently he went to Mr. Roustan, the French Minister, but could get no advice from him as to what he should do and so retained it.

The doctor was satisfied that the Frenchman was ignorant of the value of the jewel or else he would never have given it to him for his small fee. He decided after thinking the matter over to keep it, thinking that he would be much more likely to find the owner than the Frenchman. The young lady to whom the story was told and who was much interested could throw no light on the matter. On her return home she repeated the story in the family circle. Her sister, on hearing it, said: "Why, that loss was advertised in a paper some time ago. I remember it very well, for there was a very large reward offered for the brooch."

The returned traveller, thinking she might unravel the mystery, went at once to the newspaper office and hunted through the files. She found the two advertisements, the one offering a liberal reward and the other $100, and mailed copies of the papers containing them to her friend in Philadelphia.

It was not long before she heard from him. He had written to the Washington address, but received a reply from Newport, whither he at once forwarded the lost brooch, receiving in return a handsome sum of money as a reward. This he turned over to the poor Frenchman, who was delighted at his good fortune. A lost jewel had been found, a poor man had been raised from utter poverty to comparative plenty and two persons had the satisfactory consciousness of having done a good deed, all on account of a little advertisement.

Furbishing up the Commonplace.

It has been noted how cunningly Tennyson can gilde and furbish up the most commonplace detail—as when he calls Arthur's moustache "the knightly growth that fringed his lips," or condescends to glorify a pigeon pie, or paints the clown's astonishment by this detail, "the brawny spearman let his cheek Bulge with the unswallowed piece, and turning stared;" or [illegible] characterize a pun, "and took the [illegible] pay'd upon it, and made it of [illegible]." This kind of ingenuity, indeed, belongs rather to talent than to genius; it is exercised in cold blood; but it may be a valuable auxiliary of genius, perfecting skill in the technical departments of art. Yet such a gift is not without danger to the possessor. It may tempt him to make his work too much like a delicate mosaic of costly stone, too hard and [illegible] blended, free excessive [illegible] of detail. One may even prefer to art thus highly wrought a more [illegible] careless strain, that lifts us [illegible], and carries us away on as a [illegible], if more turbid, torrent of inspiration such as we find in Byron, Shelley, [illegible] or Hugo. Here you are compelled to [illegible] at every step and admire [illegible] of the costly tessellated pavement under your feet. Perhaps there is a [illegible] finer, a pre-Raphaelite or [illegible] exactness of finish, here and [illegible] that takes away from [illegible] of natural perspective and remote distance, leaving little to the imagination; not suggesting and whetting the appetite, but rather satiating it; his loving observation of minute particulars is so faithful, his knowledge of what others, even men of science, have observed so accurate, his fancy so nimble in the detection of similitudes. But every master has his own manner, and his reverend disciples would be sorry if he could be without it. We love the little idiosyncrasies of our friends.—[Contemporary Review.

ANTI-SLANG SOCIETY.

Young Lady Members Who Ins[illegible] Upon Using the Vulgar Language.

A society was recently organized in Chicago by young ladies for the purpose of discouraging the use of "slang phrases" in conversation. At a meeting, while a member was addressing the society, she inadvertently made use of the expression "awful nice," and was called to order by a sister member for transgressing the rules.

"In what way have I transgressed?" asked the speaker, blushing deeply.

"You said it would be 'awful nice' to admit young gentlemen to our deliberations," replied the other.

"Well, wouldn't it be?" returned the speaker. "You know you said yourself no longer ago than yesterday that—"

"Yes; but you said 'awful nice.' That's slang."

"Well," said the speaker, tartly, "if you are going to be so awful nice about it, perhaps it is; but I wouldn't say anything if I were you. Didn't you tell Sallie Spriggins this morning to 'pull down her basque?' "

"No, I didn't," retorted the other, her face growing crimson, "and Sallie Spriggins will say I didn't. She won't go back on me."

"This is a nice racket you are giving us," cried the president, after rapping both speakers to order. "Let us ask what is the object of this society?"

"To discourage slang," cried a dozen voices.

"Correct," said the president. "Go on with the funeral."

A member arose to explain that she had been fined at the last meeting for saying "awful nice" herself, but she hadn't the stamps to pay it now—would settle, however, in the sweet by-and-by.

"That'll be all right," said the president; "pay when you have the ducats."

Another member asked if a young lady could say "old splendid" without subjecting herself to a fine.

"You bet she can't," said the president, who was the original founder of the society, and therefore appealed to when any nice question was to be decided.

"Then," said the speaker, "I move that Miranda Pew come down with the dust, for I heard her say that her beau was 'just old splendid.' "

Miranda's face was in a blaze as she cried, "Well, if my beau was such a hair-pin as your fellow is, I wouldn't say it."

"Shoot the chinning!" cried the president; "will you never tumble?"

But the confusion was too great to be allayed. Miranda's blood was up. Some sided with her and others against her, and amid the Babel that followed could be heard such exclamations as "Dry up!" "Nice blackberry you are!" "Wipe off your chin!" "Hire a hall!" &c., when a motion to adjourn was carried by a large majority.

How They Get There.

Did you ever listen to a young couple working up to that point of affectionate intimacy at which they call one another by their Christian names?

"It has been a lovely party, hasn't it, Miss Jackson?"

"Lovely, Mr. Wilkins."

"I have known you a long time, Miss Jackson."

"And I have known you quite awhile."

"I've often heard my sister speak of you."

"And my brother is always talking about you."

"Is he? I hear so much about you that I feel quite at home with you."

"It's a lovely night, isn't it, Mr. Wilkins?"

"Beautiful. I think Edith's such a pretty name."

"Do you? I don't like it."

"Edith."

"What did you say?"

"Oh, nothing. I was merely repeating the name."

"I don't like all men's names. I like some. I like Philip and Ferdinand and"—

"What do you think of George?"

"That's your name. George?"

"I beg your pardon."

"Oh, nothing. I was only repeating the name."

"What a lovely night it is, isn't it, Miss Edith?"

"Oh, there! George Wilkins, what did you let me slip on that cobblestone for?"

"'Pon my word, I didn't do it, Miss Edith."

"Well, we are at home, or I am, Mr. George!"

"I am very sorry."

"So am I. I'm so much obliged for your escort; I've had such a lovely time."

"And so have I."

"Good night, Mr. Wilkins."

"Good night, Miss Jackson."

"Good night."

"Good night."

"Good night—Edith."

"Good night—George."

THINGS WORTH KNOWING.

Spain's coast defences are in a bad way.

The shamrock is growing scarce in Ireland.

Steel nails are now almost exclusively used.

A new town in Florida has been named Bayard?

In the new usage fashionable dinners are not long.

Frozen cream cheese is popular in New Orleans.

A tablet with a back to it like an easel is a new menu card.

Complant is made that nothing fit to eat can be had in Cuba.

A ton of gold is buried in the graves every year.

A Chinese state banquet sometimes reaches seventy-five courses.

Horse railroads were started in St. Petersburg only twelve years ago.

The White Mountain towns net about $1,000,000 off summer visitors.

Bog oak and Irish diamond jewels are once more worn in London.

Krupp's newest death-dealer is a 125-ton gun that kills at nine miles.

An Englishman has a full suit made of rat skins. It took 670 skins.

Pennsylvhnia declined in farm value 15 per cent. between 1870 and 1880.

According to a recent census Greenland contains a population of 10,000.

Oculists predict that we shall become a spectacled nation in fifty years more.

Nearly every village church in Russia has a bottle of water from the Jordan.

A madstone in Sullivn county, N. Y., is valued at $4,000. It came from Ireland.

In Genoa the policemen wear silk hats and carry silver-headed walking-sticks.

It was customary in England to applaud the preachers in the pulpit [illegible] years ago.

He Knew What He Wanted.

"Hush, Johnny," admonished [illegible] mother as the scion of the family [illegible] clamorous for something to eat, "[illegible] must remember that older people [illegible] precedence at the table."

"Let'em take proceeding; I want some of the muffins," shouted Johnny.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, - - NOVEMBER 27, 1885.

THE Republican majority in Iowa is still growing smaller as the official returns from the back counties come in, and now falls below 5 000. It looks as though the once banner Republican State in the Union will cast her vote for a Democratic President in 1888.

THE *Truth*, a London paper, has made a careful calculation and declares that the money grants by Parliament to the royal family during the reign of Queen Victoria have been upwards of £29,000,000. The general and strong feeling against royal grants, says the *Truth*, is very likely to develop into an abhorrence of royalty as an institution, unless the great herd of Princes and Princesses are very careful of their proceedings.

IT is related of Henry Ward Beecher that he once had a servant girl who was a Protestant, but who wished to become a Catholic. She consulted Henry W., who, finding that she was sincere, sent her with a letter to Rev. Constantine C. Pise, of the church of St. Charles Borromeo, New York, of whom he was an old friend. His letter ran thus: "Here is a lamb who thinks she sees better pasture on your side of the fence than she does on mine. Take good care of her. Yours in Christ, Henry Ward Beecher."

MR. GREVY, President of the French Republic, is described by a lady who recently visited him, as a little, dried up old man, with a skin like sole leather. He was standing before the fire with his hands behind his back and had on a dirty shirt collar and badly needed shaving. In this attire he had just presided at a cabinet meeting. His term of office will expire in January and he is announced as a candidate for re-election. The office of the President of France as compared with that of the United States is ornamental rather than invested with any positive power.

FEW persons have any correct notion of the magnitude of the business transacted under the Postoffice money order system. It was established in 1866 and during that year the 766 offices authorized to issue money orders, did a business amounting to about four millions of dollars. During last year the number of offices had increased to 7,355, and the orders issued amounted to one hundred and twenty millions of dollars. The fees received for doing this large amount of business were about $925 000, which of course left a very large margin to the government.

THE Harrisburg correspondent of the Pittsburg *Dispatch*, speaking of the adverse criticism which has been visited upon Governor Pattison for signing the tax bill of the last session, states that the Governor looked with disfavor on the act, and had not the Auditor General and State Treasurer represented to him that it would yield about one million of dollars a year to the public treasury, he would have vetoed it. According to the same correspondent the Governor himself says: "The Philadelphia *Press* almost threatened me with impeachment if I did not sign it, but now it appears to want an extra session to wipe it from the statute book."

ACCORDING to a reporter who recently interviewed Rev. Burchard, whose "Rum, Romanism and Rebellion" speech at the Fifth Avenue (N. Y.) Hotel, is held by most Republicans to have defeated Blaine in New York and thereby decided the Presidential contest in favor of Cleveland, that rash and impulsive pulpit orator states that he felt very badly at first that he should have been the means of causing Blaine's defeat, but that after some time he began to investigate Blaine's record in Congress and had become convinced that Blaine was not a fit man to be elected President. He could, therefore, only regard himself as simply the means in the hands of an all-wise Providence to defeat a man who ought never to be elected. All this may satisfy Burchard, but it will cause Blaine's friends to heap additional curses upon his head.

IF the colored Republicans in Virginia were denied a free ballot and a fair count at the late election in that State, as Mahone says he is prepared to prove, they don't seem to know it. The organ of the colored people in Virginia is the *Virginia Lancet*, published at Petersburg, the town in which Mahone lives. Its editor is a leading colored Republican, and in last week's number, in speaking of the election, he says:

> The election was one of the quietest and fairest ever held in the State. And from the returns the popular will is demonstrated by the election of a Democratic State ticket and a Democratic Legislature. Although many of us may have preferred to have seen the State gone the other way, yet Providence ordered otherwise, and in our country the will of the majority is supreme. Now let us turn our attention to matters of more vital importance than politics. Let us without any sacrifice of our principles strive to cultivate the friendship and respect of our white neighbors with whom we are situated. Let us realize that two of the most important and effectual factors to add to our prosperity are money and education.

TOWARD the close of last week it was definitely settled by some of the leading Republican newspapers in the State, that Governor Pattison was seriously thinking about calling an extra session of the Legislature to consider the important questions of apportionment, railroad discrimination and the equalization of taxation. The Governor, however, in order to put the matter at rest, publicly announced: "There will be no extra session. No reasons exist for one." There may be, and we have no doubt are, a good many members of the last session who would like to revisit Harrisburg and spend three or four months under the new salary law of $10 a day and without any limit as to the length of the session, but the people don't want to pay for the luxury, and Governor Pattison knows it, having had some bitter and instructive experience in the extra session business. The Legislature will not meet until a year from the first Tuesday of next January, and sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof.

JOHN MITCHELL HIPPLE, the name by which he was known when he practiced law in Butler, this State, or John Hipple Mitchell, the name he assumed when he went to Oregon about twenty-five years ago, was elected United States Senator from that State on Wednesday of last week. He is a Republican and succeeds J. H. Slater, Democrat. He was formerly in the Senate and served from 1873 to 1879, and was succeeded by Mr. Slater, whom he himself now succeeds. There were two Republican candidates seeking the nomination, Mitchell and George H. Williams, the latter of whom acquired a most unsavory reputation as Attorney General under Grant, and although the Republicans have a clear majority on joint ballot neither of these two aspirants could be elected, so bitter was the feeling on the part of their respective friends. To the Democratic members Mitchell was the less objectionable of the two, and by agreement among themselves *seventeen* of their number voted for him and elected him. They justify their action by the statement that Mitchell pledged himself to vote in the Senate in favor of confirming President Cleveland's appointments. Whether he will or not remains yet to be seen. We never yet knew an instance in which the Democrats in a Legislature, or enough of them, cast their votes for a Republican candidate for U. S. Senator and elected him, that they did not subsequently regret it. Within the last fifteen years Wisconsin and Michigan have each furnished a memorable instance of such Democratic folly, and if the Democrats in the Oregon Legislature by whose votes Mitchell was elected don't feel like hiring some person to kick them before the adjournment of the approaching session of the Senate, we are wonderfully mistaken. It is always better for Democrats in a fight like the one in Oregon to stand by their own candidate and die "with their gaffs on." Still, Mitchell may possibly redeem his pledge. He is a man of ability, possesses a good deal of courage and is inclined to think and act for himself. Aside, however, from what he may or may not do in regard to the President's appointments, he will be a pronounced representative in the Senate of the great railroad corporations in general, and of the Northern Pacific Railroad in particular.

DANIEL O'CONNELL was called the "un-crowned king of Ireland," because of the acknowledged influence he exerted over Irish public opinion in political affairs. Mr. Parnell, however, seems to have a better title to the appellation than ever O'Connell had, because he has accomplished results in Ireland which O'Connell never contemplated, or having attempted would have failed. As is well known, Mr. Parnell has set before himself the task of electing between seventy-five and ninety Home Rule members of Parliament from Ireland, to stand by him in the renewed and still more aggressive struggle he intends making in the House of Commons for justice to the Irish people. In order thus to strengthen his hands the Irish Nationalists, by common consent, have permitted Mr. Parnell to name the candidates he wants elected in every county in Ireland, and in every instance but *one* they have ratified his choice. This one instance occurred in the County Louth on last Friday, but whether the disagreement remains to-day we cannot state. No public man in any country was ever before invested with such tremendous power, nor has any other public man ever been able in the same supreme degree to gather around himself the absolute, unconditional confidence of his countrymen. It is a most singular spectacle, and could only have taken place in a country whose people have been the down trodden victims of centuries of oppression.

THE first session of the Forty ninth Congress will begin on next Monday week, and will be what is known every alternate year as the "long session." The principal subjects that will engage its attention will be the tariff, silver coinage, the Hennepin canal appropriation and Captain Eads' project of transporting vessels across the Isthmus on wheels, just as section boats were carried over the mountain on trucks in the days of the old Portage railroad, except that by Eads' plan the entire ship will be conveyed at one time, and not parts or sections of it on different trucks at the same time. The approaching Congress will consist of 325 members, of whom 183 are Democrats, 140 Republicans, 1 Greenback Democrat and 1 Greenback-Republican. The usual recess or adjournment over the holidays will be taken, and in that way at least three weeks, time of the session will be totally wasted. The pay of the members, however, will go on all the time. It ought not to be so, but it is so and has been for so long a period of time that the memory of man runneth not to the contrary.

IT is stated in Philadelphia that there will be considerable opposition to the nomination of General Beaver as the Republican candidate for Governor next year. This opposition grows out of the fact that during the recent agitation of the purchase by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company of the South Pennsylvania and Beech Creek railroads, Beaver acted as president of a meeting at Bellefonte, where he resides, and made a strong speech, in which he attacked the railroad companies in bitter terms for their discriminations against localities and individuals. The railroad managers have not forgotten Beaver's furious onslaught upon them, and they propose to show him that some things can be done as well as others. Their man is said to be John B. Packer, an ex-Congressman from Northumberland county, who is a relative of the Camerons.

THE complete official returns of the late election in New York show a total vote of one million, twenty-four thousand, one hundred and thirty-eight, being the largest vote ever cast at a State election except in a Presidential year. The majority for Hill, Democrat, for Governor, is 11 691. The highest majority is that for Cook, for Secretary of State, being 14 514. Bascom, the Prohibition candidate for Governor, received 30,855 votes, an increase of over 5,000 over St. John's vote last year. Jones, the Greenback candidate, had 2,127 votes.

UNDER THE JAIL WALL.

The Romantic Marriage of a Virginia Girl to Her Lover, Who was Imprisoned for a Deadly Assault.

Last Tuesday week James Fauntleroy, a rich young farmer, went out walking on Ragged Edge Hill with Miss Mollie Downes, the belle of Chatham Hill village, twenty miles from Marion, Virginia. While passing along a narrow pathway on the mountain side overhanging a deep ravine, they were accosted by Pierre Dugan, another farmer, who had been a suitor for Miss Downes' hand for several years. Dugan came upon the couple while Fauntleroy's arm was round the girl's waist. He had not previously known that he had a rival, and began to reproach the girl bitterly. Fauntleroy told him not to speak rudely to the lady, and when he thereupon applied the epithet, "heartless coquette," to her, Fauntleroy struck him full in the face. The blow caused Dugan to stagger and fall from the narrow path into the ravine, where he lay senseless for several hours, until Fauntleroy could return to Chatham and organize a relief party, who, with the aid of ropes, succeeded in getting the insensible man from the bottom of the ravine. Dugan had both legs broken, and it was feared at first that he was internally injured.

Miss Downes' grief was intense, and she fainted when Fauntleroy was thrown into jail. The friends of the latter, while endorsing his course in repelling Dugan's objectionable language to Miss Downes, were seriously alarmed as to what his fate would be if Dugan should die. They quickly perceived that the only witness against Fauntleroy in the event would be Miss Downes, and several of them suggested the advisability of her leaving the State. This seemed undesirable, then Fauntleroy's brother, who is a lawyer, suggested that it was a pity he was not married, as Miss Downes could not be made to appear as a witness against her own husband. The suggestion was quickly caught at, and Lawyer Fauntleroy went to Thomas Downes, the brother of the girl, and after some persuasion induced him to consent to the immediate marriage of the couple.

Knowing that the Sheriff would object and that he would do all his power to prevent the marriage, as in duty bound, the arrangements for the wedding were made very quietly. Through a cousin in the office of the County Clerk Tom Downes got a marriage license for his sister and James Fauntleroy. Friday night the Downeses, brother and sister, drove quietly into Chatham from their home in the country. They were met at the jail by Lawyer Fauntleroy and a minister named Peterson. The party had previously located the cell occupied by the prisoner, and they pushed their carriage against the wall directly under the cell window. Lawyer Fauntleroy jumped into the seat of the carriage and, thrusting his hand through the iron grating, broke the glass of the window. At the same time he called out to his brother to re-assure him.

The latter, by dragging his cot under the window and standing on the headboard, managed to get his head on a level with the window. The necessity for the marriage was quickly explained, and then Lawyer Fauntleroy jumped down to the ground and assisted Miss Downes' brother into the carriage. It was found that the trembling girl could not reach the eager hand stretched from the barred window over her head and plainly visible in the brilliant moonlight which flooded the jail and vicinity. Then Lawyer Fauntleroy knelt down in the buggy, and the minister aided Miss Downes to plant her dainty foot on his back and stand on him. From here she succeeded in clambering onto the shoulders of her brother, who stood braced against the jail wall. In this position she could easily grasp her lover's hand, which she kissed fervently. In this strange situation, unable to see each other's faces, the loving young couple were hurriedly married.

ELEVEN CHILDREN AT FOUR BIRTHS

A few days ago a neatly dressed, fresh looking woman about thirty years of age, applied to Harry Foster, the Erie ticket agent at Honesdale, Pa., for information as to the lowest rate of fare for herself and family to Warren, Pa.

"How many persons?" asked the agent.

"Myself and my eleven children," she said.

As soon as Agent Foster could catch his breath he exclaimed:

"Eleven children! Great Scott, madam! Not all yours?"

"Certainly, sir," replied the woman, evidently surprised at the agent's question and manner. "Whose would they be if not mine?"

"In the name of goodness, then, how old are they?" asked the agent, mopping the perspiration from his forehead.

"Well, sir," said the woman, after a short mental calculation, "three of them are nine, three of them are seven, two of them are five, and three of them are three years old."

Agent Foster dropped into a chair as though some one had hit him with a club.

"Madam," said he, "you deserve to have a pass for twelve. Come in again in a few days, and I'll see what can be done."

The agent in the meantime ascertained that the woman's name was Cullen. She lived at Gale's tannery, six miles from Honesdale. Her husband is a laborer, and about three years ago went to Warren to work, and had a short time ago sent for his wife and children. The couple had been married ten years. Mrs. Cullen's statement as to the number and ages of her children was substantiated by neighbors. She had presented her husband with eleven children at four births.

Agent Foster wrote to General Passenger Agent John N. Abbott, and gave him a statement of the case. Mr. Abbott sent back instructions at once to sell Mrs. Cullen a half-fare ticket to Warren, good for herself and eleven little ones.

The Galveston Fire.

GALVESTON, Nov. 18.—A resolution adopted at a meeting of citizens says that "The loss inflicted on our city by the late conflagration is greater than at first anticipated, the same being fully $2,500,000, equal to more than one-eighth of the taxable value of the city." The resolution adds: "Wherefore we most thankfully accept the proffered aid so generously offered."

In accordance with the resolution, Mayor Fulton appointed a committee consisting of eight ministers, with P. H. Golden, District Master Workman of the Knights of Labor, and Gen. Jos. M. Claiborne. Among the ministers are Rev. D. Bird, rector of Trinity Episcopal church, Bishop Gallagher, of the Galveston diocese, Rabbi Silverman and Rev. Mr. Edwards (colored), of the M. E. church. Several thousand dollars were paid out by the relief committee to-day, and about $4 000 received from at home and abroad.

A careful inspection of the burnt district shows that there were 568 residences destroyed. This is over 100 greater than at first estimated. Out of 126 members of the Cotton Exchange, thirty-three members lost their homes and almost everything their dwellings contained. The several cities of the Union are telegraphing sympathy and relief.

—Glencoe, Scotland, is subject to the heaviest rainfall of any other place in the world. It exceeded 128 inches last year.

WHOSE FAULT IS IT?

In spite of all that is being said, with more and more earnestness, by the best educational authorities, by scientists, and by medical practitioners, as well as by thoughtful, earnest men everywhere, denouncing the pernicious practice of cramming in our public schools, and warning against its evil effects, we fail to see any disposition, in our neighborhood at least, to profit by the advice or heed the warning.

Why is teaching thus done? The erroneous principle is still acted on that quantity is of more account than quality in education. A scholar's rank in history is still too exclusively determined by the number of mere dates and details he can cram into his memory and hold there till after "examination" is over; with no regard to the degree of understanding he may or may not have of the real essentials of history, which dates and details are not. In geography instruction is is still but little more than a mere utterly fruitless memory drill, locating every little city and town and mountain, and creek, reciting strings of figures representing population, dimensions, &c., and nonsensical memorizing of the "advantages," "features," "industries," &c., of each State and county and town. And this is called geography! In arithmetic the number of examples worked out mechanically according to an ironclad rule and method, is still of more account than how truly and fully the principles underneath the practice are understood. Whose fault is it?

The consequence of this is a stuffing and cramming, and crowding that can only be harmful to our children in the long run.

Instead of being taught in school, little more is done than to hear them recite, and assign new tasks. There is no time in school for that for which school and teacher alone exist, instruction and study. The bulk of the scholars' studying has to be done at home, outside of school hours. Surely this is all wrong. It is enough if children between six and fourteen years old have to sit over their books five and a half to six hours a day in school. To expect them besides this to work at their lessons between twelve and two o'clock, and from supper till bed time, is an outrage to nature and a violation of all the laws of physical and mental health. School hours are for study, not the child's free time, its play and rest time. No scholar, except perhaps in the high school, should under any circumstances be permitted, far less required, to study outside of school and school hours. It is an unnecessary and inexcusable wrong to rob growing children of their free time, their hours of play and recreation, and their needed bodily and mental rest. To do this is not education. True education has no occasion to do it. It is simply criminal. Yet it is done in nearly every school in our city.

Whose fault is it? Let our school directors, superintendent, teachers, and above all let the parents and taxpayers find out whose fault it is, and make the guilty ones answer for it. It is altogether in their hands.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

Ague-Shaken Sufferers.

Who resort to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, experience speedier and more complete relief than they can hope to do by the use of quinine. This well authenticated fact is of itself sufficient to have established a high reputation for the Bitters. But the article is not a specific merely for the various forms of malarial disease, it endows the system with a degree of vigor, and reforms its irregularities with a certainty that constitutes its best defence against disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, especially rife where the atmosphere and water are miasma tainted. Fever and ague, bilious remittent, dumb ague and ague cake are remedied and prevented by it, and it also removes dyspepsia, constipation, rheumatism &c. Take this medicine on the first indication that the system is out of order, and rest assured that you will be grateful for the hint.

—Information comes from Clarion, says an Oil City dispatch of the 22d, of one of the most outrageous robberies on record. Last Friday night tree masked men entered the house of Jacob Line, in an out of the way corner of Point Township, and demanded his money. He replied that there was none in the house. The men then poured petroleum oil on him and set fire to it, finally succeeding in extorting from him the whereabouts of $75 which they secured and departed. Line is quite an old man and his injuries are serious. The men are believed to belong to a desperate gang which has been operating in Clarion county. In view of the frequency of these outrages, the organization of a Vigilance Committee is being seriously considered.

Chronic Looseness of the Bowels

results from imperfect digestion. The cause lies in the torpidity of the liver. A regular habit of body can be secured by taking Simmons Liver Regulator to aid digestion, to stimulate the dull and sluggish liver and rid the system of excessive and poisonous bile. The regulator corrects acidity of the stomach, cures dyspepsia and permanently creates regularity of the bowels alike free from laxity or costiveness.

"I have never seen or tried such a simple efficacious satisfactory and pleasant remedy in my life as Simmons Liver Regulator.

"H. HAINER St. Louis, Mo."

—L. B. Jones, a young and prominent man of Richmond, Va., was on Friday last fined one cent and given one hour in jail by a jury in the Hustings Court for sending a challenge to fight a duel. The trouble out of which this hostile correspondence grew occurred last August between Jones and C. P. Bradley, another young man. No meeting took place between them and the difficulty was amicably adjusted. The officers, however, arrested Jones and he was tried to-day. It is the second time in the history of the dueling laws of Virginia since the war that any punishment has been inflicted for this violation.

Thousands Say So.

Mr. T. W. Atkins, Gerard, Kan., writes: "I never hesitate to recommend your Electric Bitters to my customers, they give entire satisfaction and are rapid sellers." Electric Bitters are the purest and best medicine known and will positively cure Kidney and Liver complaints. Purify the blood and regulate the bowels. No family can afford to be without them. They will save hundreds of dollars in doctor's bills every year. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by E. James.

—A Cochranton (Crawford county) brute who subjected his wife to terrible beating every time he filled himself full of whisky has met his reward. There being no whipping-post punishment in this State Judge Church did the best he could under the circumstances and sent the wife-beater to the penitentiary.

ANY man or woman making less than $40 weekly should try our easy money-making business. We want agents for our celebrated Madame Dean Spinal Supporting Corsets; also, our Spinal Supporter, Shoulder Brace, and Abdominal Protector Combined (for Men and Boys). No experience required. Four orders per day give the Agent $150 monthly. Our Agents report four to twenty sales daily. $3 outfit free. Send at once for full particulars. State sex. LEWIS SCHIELE & CO., 390 Broadway, N. Y.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Gladstone's recent speeches are pronounced abler and more eloquent than any ever before spoken by that wonderful man.

—A dispatch to the London *Times* from Calcutta says that 5 000 people have been drowned, and 150 villages submerged in Orissa by a cyclone.

—An apple tree on the farm of Wm. Frock, in Warwick township, Chester county, which is known to be over 100 years old, bore 24 bushels of apples this season.

—Special prayers were again offered up last Sunday in all the churches in the city of Galveston in behalf of the sufferers by the fire, and blessings were invoked on those who came to the relief of Galveston's homeless.

—John Howell, who murdered four of his children at their home in Starucca, is thought to be thouroughly insane by medical experts. He has not eaten or drank anything but once since his incarceration in the Wayne county jail at Honesdale.

—Willie Gruhn, 12 years old, picked up a loaded shot gun at Piano, Ill., and, calling his 15-year old sister, pulled the trigger, and the entire charge passed into her side. She died in about thirty minutes. The boy did not know the gun was loaded.

—A white man recently died in Georgia, leaving an estate worth $400 000 to a negro woman and her two children. The woman had formerly been his slave and mistress. To his two nephews, his only white relatives, he left very small bequests.

—An Ohio farmer a few weeks ago became insane because of a firm belief that the world would come to an end in a few months. Worriment about her husband has now unsettled the wife's mind. They will be taken to an asylum together.

—Deer are dangerous pets. A 4 year-old buck belonging to Mayor Jefferis, at Lock Haven, having no regard for official dignity, knocked that gentleman down the other day, and would probably have made an end of him but for the arrival of timely assistance.

—Pottsville is now said to possess the deepest coal mine in America. Through its shaft, 1,567 feet deep, 200 cars holding four tons each are hoisted daily. The time occupied for lifting a full car through the whole length of this shaft is only a little over a minute.

—Benjamin H. Longnecker, Director of the Poor of Lancaster county, disappeared last March after embezzling $8000 of trust funds. A body found in Los Angeles county, Cal., recently, has been identified as that of Longnecker. The cause of his death is unknown.

—Thomas Lyles and Frank Kirsey, young men of White county, Ark., met at a fox hunt yesterday week, and engaged to fight out an old feud with knives. Kirksey was stabbed fourteen times and died the following day. Lyles escaped. Both are well connected.

—A boy in Cleveland fell from a tree and dislocated his neck. A surgeon was sent for, who replaced the disjointed vertebræ so skilfully that the boy recovered, and is to-day as well as ever. This operation has been frequently attempted, but very seldom with success.

—United States Consul Newcomb, at Lyons, has sent to the Secretary of State a report upon the use of a mixture of slacked lime and sulphate of copper as a cure for mildew or rot upon grape vines. This remedy is being extensively used in France with favorable results.

—A Maryland farmer has a tame crow that is very wise. The other day it entered a room unobserved, tore up a novel lying on a table, opened a copy of the Bible, as if to inculcate the wisdom and value of that work and ended its day's labor by stealing a watch and hiding it in a hayloft.

—Courtship among the Piute Indians is attended with difficulty. If a maiden does not like her lover she tells her grandmother, and when the young man comes again the old lady takes a shovelful of hot ashes and throws them in his face. This is equivalent to giving him the mitten.

—A Columbus, O., carpenter, while at work on a school house last week, fell down the chimney, 75 feet high, breaking both of his legs. He was rescued by cutting a hole in the chimney at the bottom large enough to pull him through. Contact with the walls in his descent saved his life.

—The old controversy as to whether or not the east coast of Greenland was settled by the Northmen, who built thriving colonies on the west coast in the early middle ages, has been decided negatively by a Danish Government expedition sent out in 1883 to explore the coast. They found no traces of previous occupation.

—P. C. Kirkland, cashier of the Farmers and Merchant's Bank, at Oxford, Kansas, last week took all the funds he could find, turned the time-lock of the safe forty eight hours ahead and absconded. Kirkland, who deserted his family, was treasurer for several secret societies, and their money is gone with the rest.

—Mrs. Rhoda Howard died on Tuesday in Bath county, Kentucky, at the alleged age of 116 years. She was wonderfully well preserved and retained her faculties to the last. She was three times married and one of her husbands, it is said, was in the Revolutionary War. She smoked a pipe and never took a dose of medicine.

—Bradford is the champion honey county of the state. One hunter cut a bee tree in which he found over one hundred pounds of honey, some of the combs being five feet long. Another lucky individual struck a tree that contained seven feet of solid honey, weighing one hundred and seventy-five pounds. Many similar finds have been made.

—Dr. Frothingham, one of the best known physicians in New York, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head in that city on Friday. It is supposed that the deed was done during a temporary attack of insanity. Dr. Frothingham was the physician that brought Charles O'Connor back from death's door when everybody else had given up all hopes.

—The following shows how easily doctors are made in Texas: A physician took a six hour ride with a villager who asked him a great many questions about the remedies used for certain diseases then prevailing in the locality. On the following week he had occasion to visit a neighboring village, where he found his recent companion with a shingle out as a full fledged doctor. He had graduated in that six-mile ride.

—When O'Donovan Rossa, the patriot, went to lecture at Louisville last spring his liberty was threatened by an irate merchant to whom he owed $82 for a barrel of whiskey. A good-natured saloon keeper named John Gilleen stepped forward at this juncture and saved the dynamiter from a prison cell by promising, if Rossa did not pay the debt, himself to pay it. This the Courts have just allowed him to do.

—The Pike's Peak Railroad, in Colorado, when completed, as it is soon expected to be, will be the most notable track in the world. It will mount 2 000 feet higher than the Lima and Oroya Road in Peru. The entire thirty miles of its length will be a succession of complicated curves and grades up the sides of the great mountain, with no place of straight track longer than 500 feet.

—James Dempsey reached Helena, Mont., on Thursday night of last week from Port McGinnis and tells a pitiable story of his two companions being devoured by wolves on their way across the mountains. Their names were John Hoag and Jacob Scheller. Dempsey says he climbed a tree and saw his companions tore to pieces and devoured. He says Hoag was a resident of Cleveland, Ohio, and Scheller of Lafayette, Indiana.

—Williamsport has sixty five lumber concerns, twenty three of which have sawmills, the capacity of which is respectively from 6 000,000 to 35 000,000 feet annually. Besides these, there are three shingle mills, producing, from 8 000 000 to 10,000,000 in a year, and thirteen planing mills. According to the agency ratings, the capital invested in the lumber business, including saw, shingle and planing-mills, is estimated at from $10 000 000 to $12 000 000.

—Counsel made a strong argument in court at Erie on Saturday for a new trial for Hugh Brown, who was convicted of murdering Charles Dunn, of Pittsburg, by chopping him to pieces last June at his hermit shanty. Brown, who is eighty years of age, is failing in health, and it is believed will not last very long. His attorneys desire to have the stain removed from the name of Brown's family, as it is a most honored and distinguished one in western Pennsylvania.

—An edict of the Spanish government which went into force last year frees one slave in four every year. This will extinguish slavery on the island in 1888. A large planter from Cuba being interviewed said: 'Slave labor is not profitable in Cuba. I have owned and worked 600 on my plantation, but now do not own a slave and hire all my laborers, and find it better and cheaper.' The value of slaves has so decreased under the order for emancipation that thousands of them purchase their own liberty and hire themselves out to raise the money.

—The extension of the Pacific railways has been the occasion for a needless extermination of the buffalo. The elk, moose and deer have suffered a similar fate, until now it is said that the elk, which eight years ago were seen in thousands on the plains of Sweetwater and in the Wind River Mountains, have practically been driven to their last refuge in the Southern Rocky Mountain plateau. But certainly it is clear that the matter calls for more earnest attention than it has yet received from the general public, and for legislation affording better protection of animals than any which has ever yet been enacted.

New Advertisements.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

QUALITY P PURITY NOT QUANTITY.

Trade Mark On Every Bottle.

—THE BEST TONIC.

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely **Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.**

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the **Kidneys and Liver.**

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to **Women**, and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—*other Iron medicines do.*

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other.

Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

An Efficient Remedy

In all cases of Bronchial and Pulmonary Affections is AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. As such it is recognized and prescribed by the medical profession, and in many thousands of families, for the past forty years, it has been regarded as an invaluable household remedy. It is a preparation that only requires to be taken in very small quantities, and a few doses of it administered in the early stages of a cold or cough will effect a speedy cure, and may, very possibly, save life. There is no doubt whatever that

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Has preserved the lives of great numbers of persons, by arresting the development of **Laryngitis, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, and Pulmonary Consumption**, and by the cure of those dangerous maladies. It should be kept ready for use in every family where there are children, as it is a medicine far superior to all others in the treatment of **Croup**, the alleviation of **Whooping Cough**, and the cure of **Colds and Influenza**, ailments peculiarly incidental to childhood and youth. Promptitude in dealing with all diseases of this class is of the utmost importance. The loss of a single day may, in many cases, entail fatal consequences. Do not waste precious time in experimenting with medicines of doubtful efficacy, while the malady is constantly gaining a deeper hold, but take at once the speediest and most certain to cure,

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

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The Best Newspaper in America, and by far the Most Readable.

Agents wanted everywhere to earn money in distributing the Sun's Premiums.

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No Subscriber ignored or neglected. Something for all.

Beautiful and Substantial Premiums in Standard Gold and other Watches, Valuable Books, the Best Family Sewing Machine known to the trade, and an unequaled list of objects of real utility and instruction.

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Address, THE SUN, New York City.

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. Address Dr. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl St., New York.

KNABE

PIANO-FORTES.

UNEQUALLED IN

Tone, Touch, Workmanship & Durability.

WILLIAM KNABE & CO.

Nos. 204 and 206 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore. No. 112 Fifth Avenue, New York.

AGENTS WANTED THE UNBREAKABLE GLASS Lamp Chimneys. Bears heavy falls; will sustain your weight on it; stands cold water splashed on hot chimney; sells at sight. Sample mailed, 25c.; one dozen by express, $1 35. Also, the NON-EXPLOSIVE, SELF-EXTINGISHING LAMP BURNER. Has wicked reflector. No blowing down chimney; fills lamp without removing burner or chimney; no smoke, smell or danger. Sample mailed, 35c.; one dozen by express, $2 10. Both the above mailed for 60c. Address, J. E. CLOWS, Reensville, Pa.

CONSUMPTION

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

ROYAL

FULL WEIGHT ROYAL ABSOLUTELY PURE
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

The powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of the low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., NEW YORK.

MALARIAL POISON.

The principal cause of nearly all sickness at this time of the year has its origin in a disordered Liver, which, if not regulated in time, great suffering, wretchedness and death will ensue. A gentleman writing from South America says: 'I have used your Simmons' Liver Regulator with good effect, both as a prevention and cure for malarial fevers on the Isthmus of Panama.'

TAKE

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR,

A Purely Vegetable Medicine.

AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC

FOR

MALARIOUS FEVERS,
BOWEL COMPLAINTS,
JAUNDICE,
COLIC,
RESTLESSNESS,
MENTAL DEPRESSION,
SICK HEADACHE,
CONSTIPATION,
NAUSEA,
BILIOUSNESS,
DYSPEPSIA, &c

If you feel drowsy, debilitated, have frequent headache, mouth tastes badly, poor appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from torpid liver or "biliousness," and nothing will cure you so speedily and permanently as to take

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

It is given with safety, and the happiest results to the most delicate infant. It takes the place of quinine and bitters of every kind. It is the cheapest, purest and best family medicine in the world.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO. Philadelphia.

Sold by all Druggists

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—)o(—

Alfred E. Goetz,

—)o(—

Altoon's Leading Merchant Tailor, Has Removed to Much Larger and more Commodious Quarters.

—)o(—

TWO SQUARES ABOVE HIS
[—old stand to—]
No. 1511 Eleventh Avenue,

—)o(—

Where His Fall and Winter Stock is Now Ready for Inspection. For Fashionable Fabric, Beautiful Fit and a Good Workmanship, go to GOETZ, the Tailor,

—)o(—

11th Avenue, Near 16th St.
ALTOONA, PA.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY.

The attention of buyers is respectfully invited to my large stock of

ELEGANT FURNITURE,

—CONSISTING OF—

Parlor and Chamber Suits,
WARDROBES, SIDEBOARDS,
Centre, Extension and Breakfast Tables,
CHAIRS, CUPBOARDS, SINKS,
BED SPRING MATTRESSES,

and in fact nearly everything pertaining to the Furniture business. Also, any goods in that line manufactured in the United States sold at the lowest catalogue prices.

Upholstering, Repairing and Painting of all kind of Furniture, Chairs, Lounges, &c., promptly and satisfactorily attended to. Ware room on High street, opposite the Congregational church. Please call and examine goods whether you wish to purchase or not.

E. B. CRESSWELL.

Ebensburg, April 18, 1884.-1y.

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OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"

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AGENT FOR THE

OLD HARTFORD

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1794.

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T. W. DICK,

General Insurance Agent,

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A live school, imparting a practical business education; enabling young men to enter upon the active duties of life. For circulars address P. DUFF & SONS. [Sept. 25.-3m.

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A thorough preparatory School for Boys. Conducted upon the Military plan. Boys of any age admitted. Send for catalogue, terms, etc. L. C. BISHOP, Head Master, Reading, Pa.

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Has attained a standard of excellence which admits of no superior.

It contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.

These excellent Organs are celebrated for volume, quality of tone, quick response, variety of combination, artistic design, beauty in finish, perfect construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental and desirable organs for homes, schools, churches, lodges, societies, etc.

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"CANDEE"

Rubber BOOTS

WITH

DOUBLE THICK BALL.

Ordinary Rubber Boots always wear out first on the ball. The CANDEE Boots are *double thick* on the ball, and give

DOUBLE WEAR.

Most economical Rubber Boot in the market. Lasts longer than any other boot and the

PRICE NO HIGHER.

Call and examine the goods.

"CANDEE"
RUBBER BOOTS
GIVE
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ON THE BOTTOM.
GREATEST IMPROVEMENT
EVER MADE IN RUBBER BOOTS.
TWO YEARS TEST.
A COMMON SENSE IDEA.
DOUBLE THICK BALL.

FOR SALE BY

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WHOLESALE AGENTS CANDEE CO.

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CARRIAGES, WAGONS & SLEIGHS

Carriage Making in all its Branches

Painting, Trimming

and REPAIRING of all kinds done on the SHORTEST NOTICE and the LOWEST PRICES. Also, Planing, Sawing and Wood Turning with improved machinery. Also, all kinds of heavy work done. Carriage smith shop connected. All parties trusting me with work will be honorably dealt with. All work warranted.

D. M. CRUM.

Ebensburg, October 24, 1884.

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Johnston, Buck & Co.

BANKERS.

Ebensburg, Pa

Money Received on Deposit

PAYABLE ON DEMAND.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS

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AT ALL ACCESSIBLE POINTS.

DRAFTS on the Principal Cities

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ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.

A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

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INCORPORATED IN 1857.

STRICTLY ON MUTUAL PLAN

PROTECTION MUTUAL

FIRE INSURANCE COMP'NY

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Premium Notes now in force - $

Only 7 Assessments in 28 Years

Good FARM PROPERTIES

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NO STEAM RISKS TAKEN

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FURNITURE

PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS,

LOUNGES, BEDSTEADS,

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Mattresses &c.

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Between 16th and 17th Sts.

ALTOONA, PA.

Citizens of Cambria county and all others wishing to purchase honest FURNITURE at honest prices are respectfully invited to give us a call before buying elsewhere, as we are confident that we can meet every want and please every taste. Prices the very lowest.

Altoona, April 16, 1880.-tf.

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Three Doors West of Postoffice,

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J. H. GANT, Proprietor.

THE PUBLIC will always find us at our place of business in business hours. Everything neat and cosy. CLEAN TOWELS A SPECIALTY.

M. D. KITTELL,
Attorney-at-Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.

Office in new Armory Hall, opposite Court House.

ambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

RIDAY, - - - NOV. 27, 1885.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

ere, There and the Other Place.

ice President Hendricks Dead.

As we are about to put our paper to press this (Thursday) morning, word reaches us that Vice President Thomas A. Hendricks died at 5 o'clock, P. M., yesterday. Being unable at this writing to obtain particulars in reference to the sad event, we are compelled to wait until our next issue to give a full account.

The school marms, beautiful school marms!
How do they wade through the snow;
With their bangs, their simpers and charms,
As they to the institute go.
There's the long ones, the short and the fat,
And [illegible]
Plain and some pretty—but then,
What's better than looks is the fact, sir,
That they practice and teach hygiene.

—Subscribe for the CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

—For a fine oyster stew go to the Sugar Bowl.

—How much does your assessment paper [illegible]

—For a cheap string of sleigh bells go to Duftons'.

—[illegible] the place where you don't have to [illegible] snow.

—For the best flour in the market, go to the Sugar Bowl.

—[illegible] borough has a market house [illegible]

—[illegible] of all styles and sizes at [illegible] hardware store.

—The cheapest horse blankets at Huntley's hardware store.

—For all kinds of canned goods, fine and [illegible], go to the Sugar Bowl.

—Sleigh bells of all styles cheaper than ever at Huntley's hardware department.

—Mr. A. B. Reed, of Tyrone, was one of [illegible] to our office on Wednesday last.

—The finest and the cheapest sleigh robes can be had at Huntley's cheap hardware store.

—Go to the old reliable hardware store and get one of those new and cheap sleigh [illegible]

—Hunt's Remedy is purely vegetable, and [illegible] the heart disease and rheumatism.

—A [illegible], Blair county, man fell one night last week and bit off the end of his [illegible]

—[illegible] S. W. Davis, who was laid up a few days last week, is again able to attend to business.

—Don't fail to read carefully the new advertisement of Carl Rivinius, which appears in this paper.

—The [illegible] feeling of being "played out and used up" can readily be removed by using Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

—D. G. [illegible] who has been suffering from an attack of quinsy is now on the mend and will be able to be out in a few days.

—The baby [illegible] of Mr. Michael Fitzharris, of [illegible], was to be seen perambulating our streets on Wednesday.

—All kinds of Christmas toys just received at Huntley's hardware store, where they will be on exhibition next week.

—Mr. John [illegible] and Miss Mary McConnell were united in matrimony at the [illegible] at Lilly's on Tuesday last.

—If you contemplate buying a fine watch for a Christmas present, go and see the immense stock Carl Rivinius has on exhibition.

—Oh my! Just go and look at that nice, fancy, colored and clear glassware at the reliable hardware store of Geo. Huntley. [illegible]

—The Johnstown Tribune of Friday last [illegible] the rumor of a division being made in St. John's Catholic congregation, of that place without foundation.

—Christmas is coming: if you make a present to your friends, go and see the [illegible] stock of articles just received at Carl Rivinius' store for the holidays.

—Mr. Joseph Hammond, aged about fifty-five years, died at his residence in Cambria township, on Wednesday last, after a long illness from consumption.

—About six inches of snow fell on Sunday night and Monday morning, and a little has been daily added, and it looks as if winter had come to stay.

—Mr. F. A. Thompson, of Lilly's, has recently erected a large building adjoining his residence. It is to be used as a business place and contains a large public hall.

—John C. Comfort, of Harrisburg, shot a white fawn or Albino deer in Elk county a few days ago. They are very rare. The [illegible] has been preserved and will be mounted.

—Wild turkeys are daily seen in the woods about two miles from town, but up to this time have successfully evaded the countless number of men and boys who are hunting them.

—Every buyer of goods worth fifty cents or more at Carl Rivinius' can get a sheet of music worth from 25 to 40 cents in the bargain. There are eight different kinds to select from.

—There is no excuse for your not buying a nice present for your friend or sweetheart when you can get them so nice and cheap at Carl Rivinius'. Come in time and see for yourself.

—Mr. Frederick A. Seiller, son-in-law of Mr. Abel Lloyd, of this place, was appointed a passenger conductor on the Pittsburg division of the Pennsylvania railroad on Monday last.

—Col. Wm. K. Piper, of Hollidaysburg, who has been quite ill for a considerable length of time, is, we are sorry to state, in such a condition now as to preclude all hope of his recovery.

—Several oil brokers were in town the early part of the week interviewing Sheriff Griffin in reference to his large tract of land at Kane, McKean county, they having a desire to purchase.

—"I sold in two years thirty-three thousand one hundred and twenty (33'120) bottles of Hunt's Remedy. It is a valuable medicine for kidney diseases."—W. B. Hayward, Prov.

—The Pamphlet Laws for last session arrived at the Prothonotary's office on Friday last, and Justices of the Peace and others who are entitled to them can get them by calling on the Prothonotary.

—Mr. Jacob Steinberger, of Carrolltown, has bought the farm in Cambria township formerly owned by Miss Theresa Scanlan, deceased, and will remove thereto in the spring. The price paid was $750.

—The foot race at Johnstown for a purse of $200 was won by Bill Smith, of Conemaugh, by two feet, amid great excitement. There was a large crowd of sports present, and considerable money changed hands.

—Mr. F. A. Lytle, of Minneapolis, Minn., who had been in attendance at his father's funeral, at Lancaster, this State, dropped off to see his friends hereaway a few days while returning to his northwestern home.

—An unknown man, aged about 21 years and supposed to be a tramp, was run over and instantly killed on the railroad, a short distance east of Altoona, on Saturday evening last. His remains were interred in the Blair county almshouse burial ground.

—The attention of the proper authorities is called to the fact that horses are being left stand on our streets for hours, exposed to all kinds of weather, while the owners are enjoying the warmth of some comfortable card room. Shall this be tolerated?

—A young Swede, whose name could not be learned, had an arm cut off about a mile west of Lilly's, on Saturday night. The accident was the result of an attempt to board a moving freight train. Drs. Miller, of Gallitzin, and Patterson, of Lilly's, attended the wounded man.

—The mission which was in progress at Lilly's during all of last week closed on Sunday night. Immense crowds filled the church to its utmost capacity at each service. The mission was under the direction of Fathers O'Reagan and Hickey, of Germantown, near Philadelphia.

—McDonald at Loretto sells boys boots at from $1. to $2 per pair; mens' boots from $2 to 4; children's shoes from 50 cts. to $1.; misses' shoes from 75 cts. to $1.50; ladies' shoes from $1. to $2.; misses', ladies', and men's rubbers of all kinds at lowest prices, for cash or marketable produce.

—Mr. Frank McCoy, of Newry, Blair county, purchased one day last week the Rush House, Pittsburgh, from Messrs. Schmidt & Friday, liquor dealers, paying therefor the sum of $55 000. Mr. McCoy is an experienced hotel keeper and will take charge of the house on Tuesday next.

—Over three car loads of the following stoves sold in four years at the old reliable hardware store of Geo. Huntley, viz: Othello, New Sunshine, New Excelsior, Penn and New Light House, not one of which failed to give the best of satisfaction. Call and see them before purchasing.

—In noticing the report that 16 000 barrels of apples had been exported from the three counties of Butler, Mercer and Lawrence, the Kittanning *Globe* states that two grocers of that town purchased and gathered "fully the above quantity in three townships and didn't strip the trees at that."

—On Friday night last horse thieves entered the stable of Mrs. Mewherter, at Greensburg, and stole a valuable mare belonging to Mr. Jacob Fennel. Mr. Fennel followed the thieves to Indiana county a distance of sixty miles, and succeeded in recovering his mare. The thieves escaped.

—McDonald at Loretto, Pa., has a lot of odds and ends in clothing that he will sell at less than cost to close them out. Pants as low as 90 cts. and upward; vests as low as $1. and upward; coats as low as $2. and upward; overcoats as low as $3. and upward, for cash or good marketable produce.

—Parties wishing to have rare and nice house flowers can obtain bulbs and plants at the postoffice, as follows: Bridal Lilly, Easter Lilly, Roman Hyacinth, New Gem, Mixed Tulips, Narcissus (white and yellow), Double Ranunculus, Double Anemone, New Crocus, Hyacinthus Candicans, Tea Roses and New Double Geraniums.

—The Dick's Fodder Cutter, Splitter & Crusher is, undoubtedly, the best in the market. It can be used by horse or hand power, and the crusher or feeder can be stopped without stopping the knives; also other advantages, and prices to correspond with the times. Call and see them at the old reliable hardware store of Geo. Huntley.

—Two horses, a buggy and set of harness were recently stolen from New Alexandria, Westmoreland county, and the thieves were traced by officers by way of Strongstown to near Cherrytree, where they were overtaken on Friday last. The thieves took to the woods before they could be captured by the officers, and the stolen property was recovered.

—A very important matter to teachers, and one that is not mentioned in the text books, was settled by the teachers' institute during the present week. After considerable discussion it was universally admitted that dry goods, dress goods, notions, boots and shoes, groceries and provisions could be bought at remarkably low prices at John Owens' store on High street.

—An Arkansas editor extravagantly exclaims: "You may hive all the stars in a nail keg, hang the ocean on a rail fence to dry, put the sky in a gourd to soak, unbuckle the bellyband of eternity, and let out the sun and moon, but never delude yourself with the idea that you can escape that place on the other side of purgatory unless you pay the printer."

—Hog cholera, now prevailing, has been successfully treated by the following mode: Take one pound of coarse flour (or middlings) brown it well, add one tablespoonful of lard, then one pint of water; let it boil up once or twice, then add one tablespoonful of powdered charcoal, one of cattle powder. Give this three times a day and nothing else to eat for several days.

—Several of our young men have rented the room recently vacated by Mr. Manson, the jeweler, from Judge Lloyd, and intend to use it as a reading room during the winter months. If they supply themselves with good reading matter, as is their intention, and conduct themselves properly, which we have no doubt they will do, they can then spend their evenings both pleasantly and beneficially.

—Miss Fannie Mills hails from Sandusky, Ohio, is 20 years of age, weighs 115 pounds and is well educated. Her feet are 19 inches long and 7½ inches wide. Her father who is said to be wealthy, offers to any gentleman who will marry her $5 000 in cash and a well stocked farm. No man has yet sent in his proposal. Miss Mills in now exhibiting her feet at the Ninth and Arch street Museum, Philadelphia.

—Ten weeks ago Harry Elsworth Mulholm, aged 18 years, left the home of his parents at Fostoria, Blair county, and has not since been heard of. He is described as being five feet six inches tall, black eyes and dark hair, and as having the two front fingers of the left hand off at the second joint. Any information as to his whereabouts will be thankfully received by William Mulholem, Fostoria, Blair county, Pa.

—Who does not delight to see a good looking face? Yet erysipelas disfigures the face almost beyond recognition. But that is not the worst of it. This disease is as dangerous as it is repulsive. It is sometimes called "St Anthony's Fire," and often causes sudden death. Mr. S. B Carpenter, of Grandville, N. Y., had it in both legs and was cured by Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. This medicine excels all others for the blood. Especially adapted to persons in feeble health.

—It is stated that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will shortly begin the erection at Blairsville of extensive repair shops. Nothing has been made known officially concerning the matter, but the statement is credited by prominent railroaders, who say that the movement has been in contemplation ever since the completion of the West Penn extension. Much of the repair work on engines and cars for the West Penn and Indiana branches will be done at the new shops, which will serve as a kind of receptacle for the overflow from the Altoona shops during busy times.

—Mr. J. C. Stineman, of South Fork, presented each of his employes with a Thanksgiving turkey, and has filled all the empty coal houses of the deserving poor of South Fork, and he now offers to do the same for Wilmore. We would like to get our coal house shoved into that neighborhood, for just at present it looks as if there was to be a coal famine in Ebensburg. The coal dealers here cannot get coal on account of scarcity of cars, and the roads to the country banks are impassable. We could fill the bill on the *poor* question, but the *deserving* part might bother us.

—On Monday last the Pennsylvania railroad company had five men arrested near Bedford for stealing coal from freight trains that were switched off at a point called Buffalo Mills, and where they stood daily for a couple of hours. One old man had about ten tons of large lumps in his stable and had sold several tons to his neighbors. A number of others will also be arrested it is said.

—McDonald at Loretto, Pa., still holds the fort and continues to wage war against high prices. He sells dress goods as low as 5 cts per yard; canton flannels at 6 cts. per yard; all ginghams at 8 cts. per yard; best shirting at 10 cts per yard, gray flannels at 13 cts. per yard; good Kentucky jeans at 15 cts. per yard, velveteens, shawls, blankets, and all other fall and winter goods at equally low prices, for cash or good, marketable produce.

—Can you tell who is in the greatest danger of catching any infectious or epidemic disease? "Why," you say, "the person whose blood is in an impure or impoverished condition." Exactly. Such people take special complaints as dry grass bursts into flame before the sparks of a locomotive. Pure blood is a defense; it means safety, and Dr Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is the mildest safest and surest purifier of the blood. Our chief dangers are within ourselves.

—Mr. J. H. Kelley, of Altoona, but formerly of Butler and Venango counties, says the Altoona *Sunday Morning* has been securing a number of oil leases along Clearfield Creek, in Cambria county, upon which he intends to drill a number of test wells for oil, providing he can get the amount of land he wishes for his purpose. Mr. Kelly has been interested in the oil business for a number of years in the western part of the State and he thinks the surface indications for oil are good in parts of Cambria county.

—Mr. J. B. Denny, of Loretto, on Tuesday last bought the leasehold and furniture of the Mountain House, in this place, from Messrs. D. G. Myers & Bro., and took possession the same day. We have not learned what Messrs. Myers intend doing in the future, but as they are both enterprising men and good fellows, we wish them luck at whatever they may go at. Mr. Denny, the new landlord, has up to this time been engaged in the hotel business at Loretto, where he kept a good house, and we have no doubt he will keep up the well earned reputation of that well known hostlerie.

—McDonald at Loretto, Pa., sells 16 lbs. good brown sugar for $1.; 12 lbs. best white sugar for $1.; 4 lbs. good tea for $1.; 8 lbs. good green or roasted coffee for $1; 6 lbs. best green or roasted coffee for $1; 3 lbs. quinces for 25 cts.; 3 lbs. rice for 25 cts.; 4 lbs. barley for 25 cts.; 4 lbs. bolted oats for 25 cts.; 5 lbs. oatmeal for 25 cts; 6 lbs. hominy for 25 cts.; good molasses 40 cts. per gal.; syrup at 50 cts. per gal.; carbon oil at 12 cts. per gal.; crocks 10 cts. per gal.; tinware, queensware, glassware, and all other kinds of ware at rock bottom prices, for cash or good, marketable produce.

—Last week J. W. Curry, assignee of William M. Lloyd, sold at public sale at his office in Altoona, the following properties belonging to said estate: The unimproved lands in North Carolina, some 2.100 acres, were sold to D. T. Caldwell, of Tyrone, for a fraction less than 12 cents per acre. Seven hundred and fourteen acres of land in West Virginia, were sold to Schilling & Dumphy, of Altoona, for $130; four life insurance policies were sold for $200, $600, $407 and $400, and eleven shares of stock in the Westinghouse Air Brake Company, were sold for $1 900, the entire sale aggregating about $3,940.

—Johnstown, says the *Tribune*, has a colored man with a mouth that is making him famous. It isn't exaggerating to say that when he drops his lower jaw the opening formed is positively frightful. Lewis Jones is the individual's name and he is a hostler in the employ of Jacob Zimmerman, Esq. He is called "Shad" for short. A few evenings since Shad, on a wager for a drink, put into his mouth, with but little apparent effort, the end of an ordinary goblet, measuring about three and a-half inches in diameter. He followed this remarkable exhibition of mouth with another quite as difficult. Taking three ordinary hen eggs, and turning his face upward, he dropped one after another into his mouth until all had disappeared, when he closed his jaws for a moment, and then delivered the eggs, unbroken, back into the goblet, with the goblet again in his mouth. He says he can take four eggs in his mouth just as easily as three, and he has a man who is willing to back him with cash to that effect.

—"Jesse" James, who resides with his grandmother in the West ward, this place, came very near doing great damage by the use of a dynamite cartridge on Thursday afternoon of last week. There being no cellar under the house, it seems he was engaged in removing dirt therefrom in order to make room for their winter supply of coal, and becoming tired of the pick, with which he was digging, he concluded to adopt an easier and quicker, if not a safer plan, in order to loosen the clay. He therefore secured a dynamite cartridge from some men who were working a short distance away, made a place for it, placed it in position and exploded it with results which far exceeded his expectations. The shock, which was felt for a considerable distance, was so great as to do much damage to the house and prostrate the aged grandmother upon its floor, and it was some time before she fully recovered. As we are informed that "Jesse" is a great boy to experiment, we advise him to be very careful in the future, as there are many things in the line of explosives which are not to be trifled with. About the only consolation he has is in knowing that the space under the house is large enough now to contain all the coal that can be brought this way during the winter season.

Read Our Propositions.

For two dollars and twenty cents in advance, we will send you the New York *Weekly World* and CAMBRIA FREEMAN for one year.

Or for two dollars and ninety cents we will send the *Semi Weekly World* and CAMBRIA FREEMAN for one year.

Or for six dollars and seventy-five cents we will send you the New York *Daily World* and CAMBRIA FREEMAN for one year. Subscribers who have paid their subscription in advance before this offer can can get the *World* by sending us 70c. for the *Weekly* $1 40 for the *Semi Weekly*, or $5.25 for the *Daily World*. Subscribe at once.

A Walking Skeleton.

Mr. E. Springer, of Mechanicsburg, Pa., writes: "I was afflicted with lung fever and abscess on lungs, and reduced to a *walking skeleton*. Got a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which did me so much good that I bought a dollar bottle. After using three bottles, found myself once more a man, completely restored to health, with a hearty appetite, and a gain in flesh of 48 lbs." Call at E. James' Drug Store and get a free trial bottle of this certain cure for all Lung Diseases. Large bottles $1.00.

LOST—On the road between Ebensburg and Loretto, on Tuesday last, a small hand satchel with the initials "J. D. D." on the side. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the Mountain House, Ebensburg.

—If you want to buy a nice sleigh robe go to Duftons'.

ANOTHER BEAR STORY.

The Success With Which a Clearfield County Hunter Met.

The Bellefonte *News* of Monday last tells the following story of a Clearfield county Nimrod named Charley Foster, a resident of DuBois, who claims to have succeeded last season in killing a bear, wounding another, and getting lost when only two miles from camp, and that, too, all in one day: "Mr. Foster and several others spent a few days in the woods in quest of deer and bears. They were along the line between Clearfield and Elk counties, at the head of Mosquito Creek and Medix Run. The snow that covered the ground enabled them to track the deer. Charley took a course down Medix Run a short distance and then away from it. The tracks led him around a large briar path, and in looking through it he observed what he supposed to be two men standing on an old log slide. He believed the men were looking at him and was sure that one of them had a gun. He whistled and halloed at them to let them know that he was not a deer to shoot at, when they began to move. Then, to his surprise, he discovered that the two moving objects were bears. He thereupon began to shoot, killing one bear and wounding the other. He was then only two miles from camp, but he wandered around six miles before he reached the camp at 10 o'clock at night. Meanwhile, his fellow-hunters had been shooting and had built a large fire to guide him in returning to camp. When he told them of his success in killing bear they were well satisfied.

"The hero of this story is a nephew of John DuBois, of Dubois City, and is general manager of the largest store in Clearfield county, employing ten clerks.

"Bears are reported to be very numerous in the vicinity of Mosquito Creek and Medix Run. They root up the woods like hogs in search of acorns."

Teachers' Institute.

The Nineteenth Annual Teachers' Institute of Cambria County commenced in the court house at two o'clock on Monday afternoon, and was called to order by the County Superintendent, ex-officio. The following teachers were offered by Supt. Strayer, as officers of the meeting: Vice-Presidents, S. P. Fink and J. W. Leech; Secretaries, M. H. Cochran, A. H. Grumbling; Ex. Secretaries, Geo. A. Noon, L. S. Reed, and E. J. Sybert; Treasurer, J. W. Burkhart.

One hundred and sixty teachers were enrolled up to Tuesday evening. The extreme bad condition of the weather will prevent a full attendance, which no doubt there would have been had the weather been more favorable.

The instruction and lectures have been interesting and profitable. A full report will appear next week with list of teachers who are in attendance.

BALLOU'S MAGAZINE for December contains the final chapter of "Lewey and I; or, Sailor Boys' Wanderings, by Wm. H. Thomes author of The Belle of Australia," and "On Land and Sea or, California in 1843, '44, '45." Here are three of the most entertaining novels of adventure that have been published in this country for many years. In addition the December number of BALLOU'S has an unusually large assortment of short stories, engravings, poetry, wit and humor, illustrated articles, household, puzzle page, adventures, etc., all going to form one of the best and cheapest magazines published in the United States. The January number will appear in new type, with new features, illustrated stories, heavy white paper, and will be the leading magazine so far as brightness and good looks are concerned, yet the price will remain the same—only $1.50 per year, or 15 cents single copy. For sale at all news depots. Published at 23 Hawley Street, Boston.

I HAVE been deaf in one ear ten years, and partially deaf in the other for two months; have been treated by ear specialty doctors and received no benefit. Having used Ely's Cream Balm for about a month, I find myself greatly improved, and can hear well and consider it a most valuable remedy. I had also nasal catarrh, with dropping of mucous into my throat and pain over my eyes, which troubles also have entirely disappeared.—D. B. Yates, Upper Lisle, Broome Co., N. Y.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. For sale by E. James.

FITS—All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia.

HYMENEAL.

SENSABAUGH—CUSTER.—Married at Pittsburg, on Thursday, November 19, 1885, by ———, Mr. Samuel Sensabaugh, of Ebensburg, to Miss Annie Custer, of Jackson township.

OBITUARY.

HOLLEN.—Died, at his residence in Glasgow, on Friday, November 20, 1885, Mr. John Hollen, aged about 75 years.

NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of the County of Cambria. To the heirs and legal representatives of Gillian Hoffman, deceased.

GREETING. You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of the Orphans' Court, to be held at Ebensburg, on the first Monday of December next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of Gillian Hoffman, deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by an inquest duly awarded by the said Court, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

D. A. LUTHER, Sheriff.

Ebensburg, Oct. 20, 1885.

NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of the County of Cambria. To the heirs and legal representatives of John Smay, deceased.

GREETING: You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of the Orphans' Court, to be held in Ebensburg, on the first Monday of December next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of John Smay, deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by an inquest duly awarded by the said court, or show why the same should not be sold.

D. A. LUTHER, Sheriff.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION OF CHARTER FOR THE PLEASANT HILL CEMETERY ASSOCIATION.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria County on the *second Monday of December next* for a charter for the "Pleasant Hill Cemetery Association:" the object of which association is to procure, maintain and decorate a cemetery at or near Glasgow, Cambria county, Pa.

A. V. BARKER, Attorney for Petitioners.

Ebensburg, Nov. 20, 1885.-3t.

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.

Estate of HENRY BROWN, deceased.

Letters of Administration, *cum testamento annexo*, on the estate of Henry Brown, deceased, late of Wilmore borough, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to those indebted to said estate that payment must be made without delay, and those having claims against the same must present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARGARET BROWN, Administratrix.

Wilmore, Nov. 20, 1885.-6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of DENNIS BRAWLEY, deceased.

Letters testamentory on the estate of Dennis Brawley, late of Ebensburg borough, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to those indebted to said estate that payment must be made without delay. And those having claims against the same must present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN A. BLAIR, Executor.

Ebensburg, Nov. 20, 1885.-6t.

STRAY STEER.—Came to the premises of the subscriber, in Summerhill township, Cambria county, on or about April 1st last, a yearling steer dark brindle, with a notch in the under part of the right ear and a white face. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away; otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.

DANIEL SKELLY.

Nov. 20, 1885.

SALARY OR COMMISSION.

WANTED Immediately, a few Good Men to canvass for the sale of Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Roses, &c.—Previous experience not essential.—H. P. FREEMAN & CO., Brighton, N. Y.

Happy Children.

How to Make Them So—Keep Them in Health and They Will Take Care of the Rest.

The joy of every well-regulated household comes chiefly from the children. Thousands of affectionate parents do not take care of their children. Through ignorance more than culpable neglect they suffer them to fall sick and die, when knowledge might have saved them to love and home. Dr. David Kennedy offers his "Favorite Remedy" as emphatically a medicine for his children, gentle in its action, containing *no harmful ingredients whatever*, going straight to the Blood, which, we all know, is the seat and source of disease. "Favorite Remedy" is the friend of childhood and should be found in every nursery in the land. Keep it in your house for your children's sake, as well as for your own. Try it and you will be glad you saw this article. Make no mistake. The medicine is "*Favorite Remedy*" and the proprietor's name and address: Dr. David Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y. One dollar a bottle.

Good Words for a Good Thing.—Dr. David Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" is exactly what it claims to be and deserves the praises that are showered upon it by all who have used it. Mr. Israel H. Snyder, of Saugerties, N. Y., says: "My little daughter was covered with Salt Rheum from head to foot; Dr. Kennedy's 'Favorite Remedy' cured her. This was two years ago."

We are not in the Habit of Puffing any sort of patent medicines in our columns, but we happen to know Dr. David Kennedy, of Rondout, N. Y., and can personally testify to the excellence of the medicine which the Doctor calls "Favorite Remedy." And if a word of ours will persuade anybody to use it and thus find relief from suffering no professional etiquette shall hinder us from saying that word. For diseases of the blood, kidneys and bowels it has no equal. We would not be without it for five times the dollar that it costs.—*Daily Times*, Troy, N. Y.

PYÆMIA

Is the most virulent form of blood-poisoning. Less speedily fatal, but not less certainly so, is the vitiation of the blood of which the first symptoms are **Pimples, Sties, Boils,** and **Cutaneous Eruptions.** When the taint of **Scrofula** gives warning of its presence by such indications, no time should be lost in using AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, the only perfect and reliable medicine for the purification of the blood.

SCROFULA

Is a foul corruption in the blood that rots out all the machinery of life. Nothing will eradicate it from the system and prevent its transmission to offspring but AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. This preparation is also the only one that will cleanse the blood of Mercurial poison and the taint of Contagious Diseases. Impoverished blood is productive of

ANÆMIA,

A wretched condition indicated by **Pallid Skin, Flaccid Muscles, Shattered Nerves,** and **Melancholy.** Its first symptoms are **Weakness, Languor, Loss of Nerve Force,** and **Mental Dejection.** Its course, unchecked, leads inevitably to insanity or death. Women frequently suffer from it. The only medicine that, while purifying the blood, enriches it with new vitality, and invigorates the whole system, is

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists: Price $1; Six bottles for $5.

ESTEY ORGANS

—ARE THE—

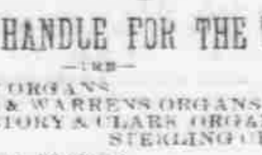
Best in the World!

Agents Wanted

Best Prices and Terms to

FIRST-CLASS MEN. ONLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES NEED APPLY.

Jewelers, Furniture Men and Music Can Sell Our Instruments.



WE ALSO HANDLE FOR THE TRADE

—THE—

SHONINGER ORGANS,
CLOUGH & WARREN'S ORGANS,
STORY & CLARK ORGANS,
STERLING ORGANS.
DECKER BROS. PIANOS,
BEHR BROS. PIANOS,
WM. KNABE & CO.'S PIANOS
J. & C. FISSHER PIANOS.

Our business being the largest in Pennsylvania we have facilities for supplying the trade at better rates than you can possibly get from the Factory.

☞ *Correspondence Solicited. Specially Low Prices for Fall Trade.*

S. Hamilton,

87 Fifth Ave. & 157 First Ave.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Nov. 27.-1m.

THE MIRROR OF FASHION.
$2.00 A YEAR.

Gody's Lady's Book

—AND THE—

CAMBRIA FREEMAN

—BOTH FOR—

ONE YEAR FOR $3.50.

Trial List.

List of cases set down for trial at a Court of Common Pleas to be held in and for the county of Cambria, commencing on Monday, the 7th day of December next:

FIRST WEEK.

Farabaugh vs. Bracken.
Same vs. Same

SECOND WEEK.

J. Swank & Co. vs. Hutzen.
Buck vs. Stoltz.
Ranstead vs. Garman.
Same vs. Same.
Bowers vs. Kelly.
Behe vs. Behe.
Same vs. Same.
O'Neil vs. Kittanning Ins. Co.
Lutz vs. J. Glenn & Sons.
Moore vs. Rendon et al.
Frantz vs. Yockenrod.
Myers vs. Martin.
Fleigle vs. Metzl.
Anderson vs. Owen.
Baland vs. Wilson et al.
McMillan & Co. vs. Brendlinger.
Ludwig vs. Cambria Ins. Co.
Williams vs. Dodson.
McCague's Ex's vs. Hawksworth.
Endler vs. Endler.
Yeager vs. Same.
Bloom vs. Zinn.
Marshall & Weakland vs. Berkey et al.
Blakey vs. Douglass.
Mary Burns et al. vs. P. R. R. Co.

Prothonotary's Office, Eb'g Nov. 9, 1885. } H. A. SHOEMAKER, Prothonotary.

Ebensburg Insurance Agency

T. W. DICK,

General Insurance Agent!

EBENSBURG, PA.,

Policies written at short notice in the old reliable

ÆTNA,

Old Hartford

And other First-Class Companies.

STRAY SHEEP.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in Blacklick township, on or about the middle of May, seven head of sheep, five white and two black, nicks cut from the under side of the left ear, and the right ear split.

The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away; otherwise then will be disposed of according to law.

I. N. WISSINGER.

Blacklick twp., Nov. 9, 1885.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that John P. O'Neill, of Washington township, Cambria county, has made a general assignment for the benefit of his creditors to the undersigned. All persons indebted to the said John P. O'Neill are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present them to the assignee without delay.

PHILIP J. SANDERS, Assignee.

Nov. 20, 1885.-3t.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias Vend Expon Levari Facias and Alias Levari Facias, issued out of the court of Common Pleas, of Cambria county, Pa., and to me directed there will be exposed to public sale at the COURT HOUSE Ebensburg, Pa., on

Monday, November 30, 1885,

at 10 o'clock A. M., to wit.:

All the right title and interest of Henry T. Hertzog, of in and to all that certain tract of land situate in Allegheny township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded by the lands of John Dougherty on the north, Jacob Z. Nagle on the east, James Ekenrode on the west and others; containing 112 acres, more or less, about sixty acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two story log house and partly log and partly frame barn and outbuildings, now in the occupancy of William A. Glass. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Martin Hoelle.

Also, All the right title and interest of Alfred Donoughe and Mark Donoughe of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Gallitzin township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining land of W. K. Douglass on the west, on the north by land of William Christy, on the south by lands of Sebastian Sibert and others; containing 142 acres, about 25 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two story plank house and frame shed. Now in the occupancy of Francis Donoughe.

Also, All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Allegheny township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of John Dougherty on the west, lands of Frank Hite on the east, lands of Christy on the north and others; containing 80 acres more or less, about 50 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a log house and and frame barn and other outbuildings, now in the occupancy of Silas Donoughe. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Joseph Hogue *admr. de bonis non cum testamento annexo* of John Bradley, deceased.

Also, All the right title and interest of Susan McMullen and Charles McMullen, agent of, in and to all that certain tract of land situate in White township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded on the north by land of David Hollis, on the east by lands of Harry Gates, on the south by lands of William Conrad and others; containing 80 acres, more or less, about 25 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two story log house, log stable and other outbuildings, now in the occupancy of Susan McMullen and Charles McMullen. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Cambria County.

Also, All the right title and interest of David Leidy of, in and to all that certain tract of land situate in Jackson township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded on the north by lands of Henry Rager and on the east by lands of Frank DeGraw and on the west by lands of —— Miller, containing 135 acres more or less, about 30 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two story plank house and log barn and other outbuildings, now in the occupancy of Joseph Leidy. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Sarah Leidy.

Also, All the right title and interest of the Cambria Guards Hall association, to wit: All that certain lot of ground situate in the West ward of the borough of Ebensburg, county of Cambria and State of Penna, bounded and described as follows, to wit.: Beginning on the corner of Center and Ogle streets, thence west along said Ogle street fifty feet to lot of R. L. Johnston, Esq., thence north by said lot eighty-five feet to a corner, thence east by the said lot fifty feet to Centre street, thence south along said street eighty-five feet to the place of beginning; having thereon erected a two story Brick Hall. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of C. E. Roberts.

Also, All the right title and interest of E. W. Reed, situate in that part of Gallitzin township now annexed to Gallitzin borough, Cambria Co., Pa., bounded on the west by lot of Joseph Hogue, on the north by an alley, on the east by lot of Mrs. Crum and on the south by —— street, being a lot 50 feet by 150 feet and situated in that part of the extension of Gallitzin borough, known as Marysville. The building is a one-storied plank building, sixteen feet by thirty feet. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of C. R. & H. Hummelwright, for use of Jno. A. McMullen.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down and the remaining two-thirds at the confirmation of the deed.

Sheriff's Office, Eb'g, Pa., November 2, 1885. } D. A. LUTHER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias Vend Expon and Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, of Cambria county, Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the MANSION HOUSE, Johnstown, Pa., on

Saturday, November 28, 1885,

at ten o'clock A. M., to wit.:

All the right title and interest of Henry Anstead of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Jackson, county of Cambria, Pa., adjoining land of Jacob Keiter on the south, Jacob Kleinfelter on the east, John Markell on the north and David Keiter on the west; containing 108 acres, more or less and about 60 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two story frame house, frame barn and outbuildings, now in the occupancy of Henry Anstead. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Henry O. Miltenberger.

Also, All the right title and interest of Foster W. Davis of, in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in the village of Morrellville, Lower Yoder township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the west by Chandler street and running back to an alley on the east, having an alley on the north and lot of Geo. Adams on the south, having thereon erected a two story plank house and outbuildings, now in the occupancy of F. W. Davis. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of James Duncan.

Also, All the right title and interest of A. J. Haws, Joseph Rush, W. A. Stonebraker, James Sanson, W. B. Keller, Richard George, R. R. Edwards and C. W. Marsh, all trustees of the Second Methodist Episcopal church, of Johnstown, Pa. The said building is located on a lot or piece of ground situate on Franklin street in the First ward, of Johnstown borough, Cambria county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Fronting fifty feet on the easterly side of Franklin street and extending back the same width eighty feet to an alley, having lot of Margaret Kaplin on the north and lot of George W. Kerr on the south. It is a two story brick building, designed for a church; having a front of forty feet on Franklin street and extending back the same width sixty six feet to an alley. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of C. B. Ellis.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down and the remaining two thirds at the confirmation of the deed.

Sheriff's Office, Eb'g, Pa., November 2, 1885. } D. A. LUTHER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale

BY virtue of a writ of *Levari Facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria County and to me directed, the following described real estate will be exposed to public sale at the Mansion House, Johnstown, Pa., on

SATURDAY, 5th Day of December,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., to wit:

All the right, title and interest of Adam Kemery, of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Taylor county of Cambria and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a beech, thence by land of John Stewart and Allen Brown south 55 degrees, west 176 perches to a hickory: thence by land, now or late, of Henry Gochenour south 50¼ degrees, east 75 perches to a gum: thence by land now or late of John C. Gochenour south 83¼ degrees, east 65 perches to post, north 84¼ degrees, east 22 perches to a post: south 31¼ degrees, east 14 perches to a cherry: south 74¼ degrees, east 20 4-10 perches to a chestnut; thence by said land of Jacob C. Goughenour north 39 degrees, east 14 8-10 perches to a hickory, north 29 degrees east 96 perches to a post: thence by land now or late of John Stewart north 25 degrees, west 41¼ perches to a beech, south 55 degrees, west 22 perches to a post, north 38 degrees, west 84 perches to the place of beginning, containing 123 acres, 15 perches and allowances, more or less. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of the Johnstown Savings Bank.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down and the remaining two thirds on confirmation of the deed.

D. A. LUTHER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 10, 1885.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas, the Hon. Robt. L. Johnston, President of the Court of Common Pleas of the 4th Judicial district, consisting of the County of Cambria, and the Hon. Jno. Flanagan and the Hon. Joseph Masters, Associate Judges of Cambria county having issued their precept bearing date the 7th day of Sept. 1885, to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions, of the Peace in Ebensburg, for the county of Cambria and to commence on the 1st Monday of December, being the seventh day of December, 1885 and to continue two weeks.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constable of said county of Cambria, that they do then and there in their proper persons at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertain to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Cambria county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

GIVEN under my hand, at Ebensburg, the 9th day of November, in the year of our Lord 1885 and the one hundred and ninth year of the independance of the United States.

D. A. LUTHER, Sheriff.

LORETTO HOUSE,

(Formerly known as the Myers House)

LORETTO, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.

W. H. PRUNER, Proprietor.

☞ Sample Room for Salesmen and good stabling for horses. ☞ TERMS MODERATE.

Ebensburg, Sept. 25, 1885.

NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of the County of Cambria. To the heirs and legal representatives of Catharine Laener, deceased.

GREETING. You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of the Orphans' Court, to be held at Ebensburg, on the first Monday of December next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of Catharine Laener, deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by an inquest duly awarded by the said Court or show cause why the same should not be sold.

D. A. LUTHER, Sheriff.

Ebensburg, Nov. 4, 1885.

CARL RIVINIUS,

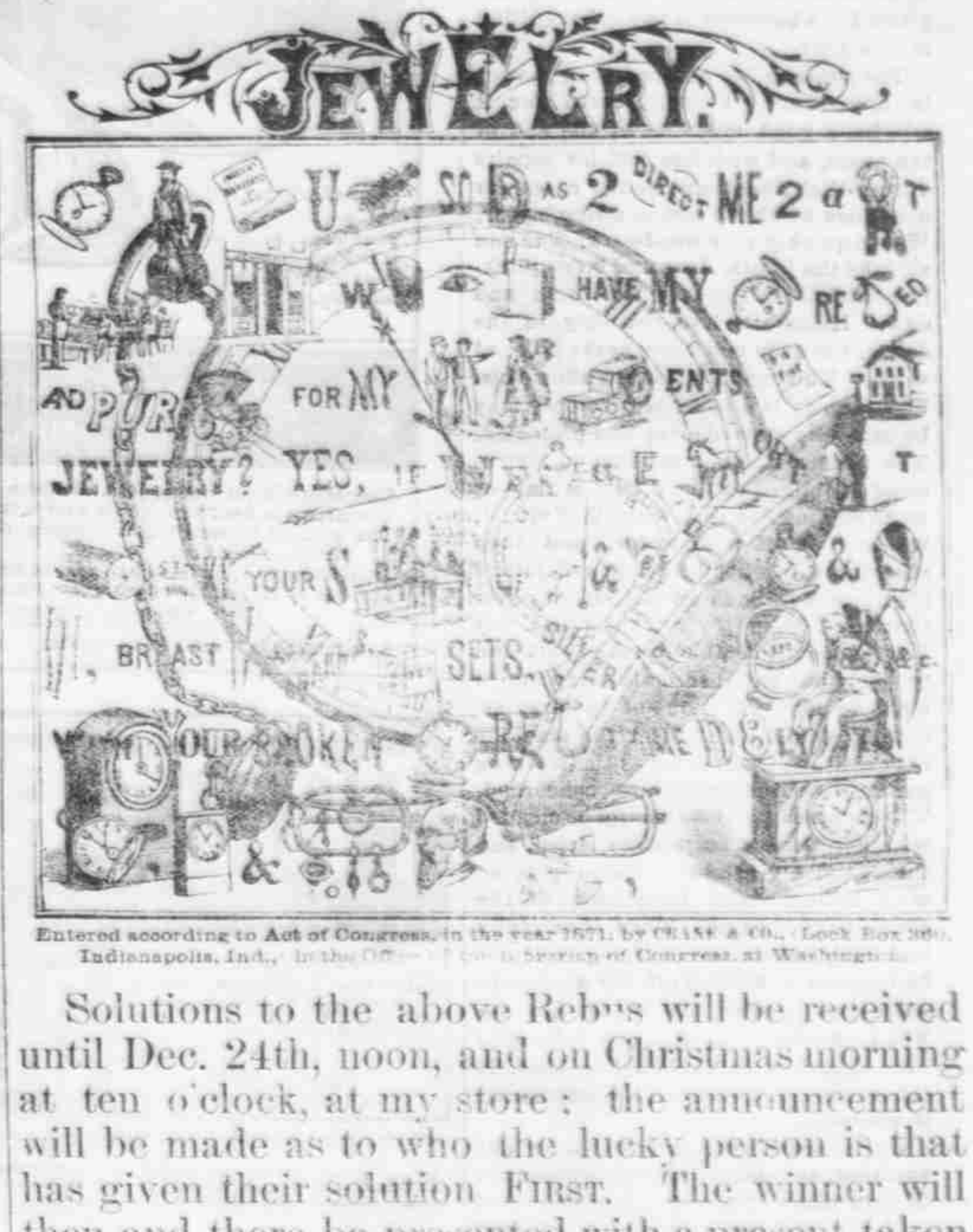
PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

AND DEALER IN

WATCHES, CLOCKS, SPECTACLES,

JEWELY, SILVERWARE AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

EBENSBURG, PA.



Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1871, by CRANE & Co., Lock Box 300, Indianapolis, Ind., in the Office of the Librarian of Congress, at Washington.

Solutions to the above Rebus will be received until Dec. 24th, noon, and on Christmas morning at ten o'clock, at my store: the announcement will be made as to who the lucky person is that has given their solution FIRST. The winner will then and there be presented with a present taken from my immense stock. Parties entering for this contest can rest assured that it will be conducted squarely, as all solutions must be handed in in sealed envelopes, when they will be numbered, and the lowest number having a correct solution to be declared the winner of the prize.

Ebensburg Nov. 20.) CARL RIVINIUS.

Hardware! Hardware!

IMPORTANT TO CITIZENS OF EBENSBURG AND VICINITY.

WE TAKE THIS OPPORTUNITY OF INforming the people of Ebensburg and vicinity, that we have opened out in the Tudor building on High street, a new, large and complete stock of hardware of every description,

☞ *MECHANICS' TOOLS, BUILDERS' HARDWARE,*
☞ *FARMING IMPLEMENTS, FORKS, SPADES, ETC.*
☞ *SMITH TOOLS, HORSE SHOES, HARROW FILES*
☞ *NAILS OF ALL KINDS, BAR IRON and STEEL.*
☞ *HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS, RE-*
☞ *VOLVERS, CUTLERY, GUNS, SHELLS,*
☞ *CARTRIDGES, TWINES, CORDAGE, ETC.*

Referring to the above, we respectfully ask the citizens of Ebensburg and surrounding country for a share of their patronage. We have been regalarly trained in the hardware business, have bought our goods for cash and believe we can offer great inducements to those who desire to purchase.

E. DUFTON & SON.

EBENSBURG, April 3, 1885.

BOTTOM IS REACHED AT LAST

I Have Now in Store the Largest Stock of Hardware Ever Offered in the Country, all bought at Rock-Bottom Prices for Cash and all First-Class Goods. I do Not Buy or Keep in Stock Any Cheap Job Lot or Auction Goods. Whatever You Buy From me You Can Rely on Being Worth the Money You Pay for it. Owing to an Advance I am Now Selling Many Goods at Less Than I Can Replace Them at But I Shall Continue to Sell at Bottom Prices, until I am Compelled to Re-stock up. When You Want a Cooking or a Heating Stove, Tin Hardware, Iron, Nails, Glass, Trunks and Farming Implements, Call and See my Prices I am Not Uundersold.

G HUNTLEY.

Ebensburg August 14, 1885.

——*If you wish to Farm for Profit, READ*——
"HOW THE FARM PAYS," 412 pages, $2.50
——*If you wish to Garden for Profit, READ*——
"GARDENING FOR PROFIT," 300 pages, $1.50
——*If you wish to become a Florist, READ*——
"PRACTICAL FLORICULTURE," 300 pages, $1.50
All By PETER HENDERSON.

Any of the above books mailed free on receipt of the price. Our Catalogue for 1886, of 140 pages, containing descriptions and illustrations of the ***newest, best,*** and ***rarest SEEDS*** and ***PLANTS,*** will be mailed on receipt of 6 cts. in stamps to cover postage.

Peter Henderson & Co. 35 & 37 Cortlandt St., NEW YORK.

STRAY CATTLE.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in Dean township, on or about the 1st of July, eight head of young cattle supposed to be one year old, four head have the point cut off the right ear and the other four have both ears split. The owner or owners are requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, otherwise they will be disposed of according to law.

SAMUEL KRATZER.

Dean twp., Oct. 30, 1885.

TO ADVERTISERS.—Lowest Rates for advertising in [illegible] good newspapers sent free. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

Important to Canvassers.

WANTED—Live Canvassers in every county in the United States to sell FOX'S PATENT REVERSIBLE SAD IRON, which combines two Sad Irons, Polisher, Fluter, &c., one iron doing the work of an entire set of ordinary irons. Is self-heating by gas or alcohol lamp. DOES AWAY WITH HOT KITCHENS. Price moderate. A large and lasting income insured to good canvassers. Address, for circulars, &c., FOX SAD IRON CO., 95 Reade St., N. Y.

THIS PAPER is on file in Philadelphia at the Newspaper Advertising Agency of Messrs. N. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents.

TAKE CARE OF YOUR IMPLEMENTS.

Cultivators, mowing and harvesting machines, are never past the season of use. How many remain in the fields or yards exposed to the weather? More than one-half, it is estimated. How many are partially taken apart to be stored, and all bright surfaces properly protected immediately after the season of use? The estimate is only one machine in ten. Are you one of the great army who wholly abuse or imperfectly care for their machines. If so, and your other farm operations are after the same slipshod manner, you are doing what would swamp any man who so neglected his business in any other calling in one year.

The average life of a reaper or mower is three years. Properly cared for it will be a good machine at the end of ten years, and with less cost for repairs during that time than the illy cared-for machines will have cost in a single year. Water quickly rots woodwork. The sun shrinks the joints. Iron and steel quickly corrode if left in the sun, rain and dew. Hence you lose not only in the decay, but such machines never do good work. You cannot afford to allow this. The remedy is a cover where they may be carefully stowed away and protected. The farmer who before using an instrument is obliged to spend half a day or more cutting the rust with oil of vitriol, washing it off with water, and then scouring it bright, does not understand his business. Such an implement never thereafter does perfect work. Every farmer should be able to take apart and properly put together again every implement he uses. It is one of the first lessons he should learn, after the machine is bought, at least so far as the working parts to be protected are concerned. The gummed portions should be cleaned with kerosene or turpentine, dried, and these and all bright surfaces painted with kerosene and lampblack of the consistency of paint. Then, if carefully laid away where the covering will not be brushed or washed off, the whole will come out perfect and ready for use when wanted. No gummy substance like linseed oil paint should be used. It takes time to clean when the implement is wanted.

For plows, hoes, rakes, or other bright surfaces, an ounce of camphor dissolved in turpentine or alcohol, four ounces of lard oil, and one ounce of black lead stove polish, intimately mixed, make in this preparation one of the best and cheapest perfect preservatives, which is quickly removed by simple use, but is no better than the kerosene and lampblack paint. Some very careful farmers have a mixture of kerosene and lampblack mixture in the field, and every plowshare and mould-board is painted with it every night and turned upside down. The first furrow in the morning cleans it perfectly. The same is true of cultivators. If this pays, and it does, it certainly will pay with more costly machinery.—*Chicago Tribune.*

An Oats Swindler.

Akron (Ohio) justice squared up her account with a Bohemian oats swindler captured in Erie county a few months ago. The sleek individual was Henry D. Bacon, who has been working at the head of Bohemian oats swindling in the counties of Erie, Crawford, Mercer, Dauphin and Lancaster in Pennsylvania, and Chatauqua, New York, for two years. Bacon was arrested in Erie county upon a charge of forgery, and taken to Ohio on a requisition. He plead guilty to the charge and was sentenced to seven years in the Columbus penitentiary. Bacon, in handling notes of farmers which he procured when the oats swindle was perpetrated, forged a number of notes, signing the names of farmers. When sentenced he wept bitterly. He is a married man and leaves a most estimable wife and highly respectable family near Union City. Bacon and his gang flooded Erie county with Bohemian oats, giving a contract to take the crop at ten dollars per bushel for the seed, taking a note for the same. The notes were immediately sold to banks in the vicinity, and many of the signers grew so indignant that they refused payment, and in the vicinity of Wattsburg have organized to fight the collection of the notes, alleging that they were procured under fraud and misrepresentation. The sales in Erie county last winter and this spring were nearly $60,000. Bacon and his gang have the money and are all out of reach of the duped farmers. A few weeks ago several of the oats men visited Erie and tried to dispose of a large number of the notes of Erie county farmers. The banks, knowing the circumstances under which many of these notes were procured, refused to cash them. They were next offered to the pawnbrokers, and while there negotiations were interrupted by the arrival of the police, but no arrests were made.

THE INVENTION OF INK.

When ink was introduced does not seem to have been decided, but given the paper and the pen, a colored medium which would show on a light surface was so obvious a want, and so readily found, that there is no extraordinary credit due to the unknown inventor. It appears to be only of comparatively late years that black ink has been almost universal. Roman ink was red, purple and gold, and inks of blue, green, violet and other shades was not uncommon. It is said that simple as is the combination of ink, "we possess none equal in beauty to that used by the ancients; the Saxon manuscripts written in England exceed in color anything of the kind." Modern ink makers will deny the superiority of the ancients; but who shall say whether words written in the ink manufactured to-day will stand as vividly centuries hence as those Saxon manuscripts have stood? It is difficult to see how the writing materials of the present day can be improved upon, for convenience at least, setting aside questions of lasting inks, which the generation that uses them cannot settle. Papers, rough and smooth, fluent inks of any color that the writer may believe suitable to his eyes, pens as fine as a needle or as blunt as a spade, are all to be bought on every street. The great lack of the age seems to be ideas at once more novel and sensible in the record of which these serviceable materials may be employed.—*London Standard.*

Mary Anderson writes: I am delighted with your Coraline Corset. It is perfect in fit and elegant in design and workmanship.

FLEXIBLE HIP · HEALTH · NURSING
ABDOMINAL · CORALINE · MISSES

Coraline is not Hemp, Jute, Tampico, or Mexican Grass.
Coraline is used in no goods except those sold by WARNER BROTHERS.
The genuine Coraline is superior to whalebone, and gives honest value and perfect satisfaction.
Imitations are a fraud and dear at any price.
For sale by all leading merchants. Price from $1.00 up.

WARNER BROTHERS,
353 BROADWAY, New York. 141 & 143 WABASH AVE., Chicago.

PORTER AND DONALDSON
WHOLESALE HEADQUARTERS
MILLINERY
AND
SPECIALTIES.

Corsets, Jerseys, Gloves, Veilings, Nets, Ladies' Neckwear, Handkerchiefs, Embroideries, Spool Silks, Floss and Arrasene.

Merchants and Milliners will receive our Monthly Journal of Fashion *Free* if they will send us their address.

Nos. 820, 822 & 824 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

1885. 1885.

THE WEEKLY POST

Under a Democratic National Administration.

The Will of the People Vindicated and the Great Wrong Righted.

THE PITTSBURG WEEKLY POST

congratulates its Democratic readers on the dawn of a new year, under conditions that have not existed for a quarter of a century—

"Ring out the old, ring in the new,
Ring out the false, ring in the true."

Cleveland and Hendricks have been elected. After the fourth of March there will be a Democratic administration at Washington, with great possibilities for the progress, prosperity and advancement of the country.

As THE POST has labored unceasingly for twenty-five years for these glorious results, so it will extend to the new administration a hearty greeting and a cordial support in the re-establishment of principles and policies vital to the public welfare, by reforming abuses, righting wrongs and asserting the supremacy of the Democratic faith. We are on the threshhold of important events and great changes. To a Democrat who aided in Cleveland's election, the future is full of interest and hope.

THE WEEKLY POST will aim to keep fully abreast of the times in everything relating to the incoming administration. Its policy at home and abroad will be intelligently discussed, generously supported or candidly and kindly criticised. No year in the history of this journal promises to be so replete with matters of interest to Democrats as the one which we are about to enter. The meeting of Congress, the declaration of the Presidential vote, the inauguration, the new Cabinet, the changes in the public service, the *opening up of the books*, all are of great concern. THE WEEKLY POST will furnish the earliest intelligence, with judicious comment from the old Democratic standpoint. Success will not hamper it any more than a quarter of a century of defeat impaired its energies.

The session of the Legislature, with a Reform Governor opposed by a Republican majority, promises to be fruitful of important issues and exciting incident. The coming session of Congress will be even more interesting in its broader field.

In all its varied departments, THE WEEKLY POST will aim at excellence and reliability. Its literary, miscellaneous, news and local departments will be maintained in their utmost efficiency, while its market reports will be prepared with greater care and precision than ever before and made absolutely reliable.

Now the time for Democrats everywhere to take hold, cement and strengthen the party and its chosen representatives, by extending the circulation of Democratic papers. We are no longer on the defensive—we are done with apologizing—the party to day stands for a majority of the American people, and in a few weeks it will be called on to administer the general Government. Truth is mighty and has prevailed.

Single Subscription, one year, postage prepaid.........$1.25
In Clubs of Five or over, one year, postage prepaid.........1.00
A free copy to every club of ten.
Send for Sample copies.

JAS. P. BARR & CO.,
Publishers.

PE-RU-NA

Peruna is composed wholly of numerous vegetable ingredients, each one of which is acknowledged by the medical profession to be the most potent of all the herbal remedies known to medical science. It cures without fail every case of

Chronic Catarrh, Consumption, General and Nervous Debility, Neuralgia, Chronic Rheumatism, Diabetis, Stone in the Bladder, Bright's Disease, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and Diseases of the Stomach.

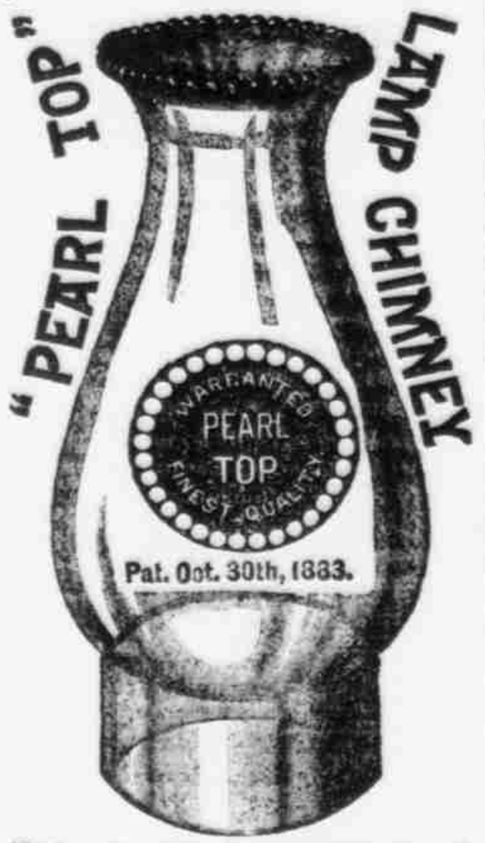
If your Druggist is out of our pamphlets on the "Ills of Life," or if you are laboring under a disease not mentioned in it or in these advertisements, address the proprietors, S. B. Hartman & Co., Columbus, Ohio. (No. 4.)

MANALIN positively cures Constipation, Piles and Diarrhoea. Sold by all druggists. One dollar per bottle; six for $5.00. Directions in English and German.

THIS PAPER is on file in Philadelphia at the Newspaper Advertising Agency of Messrs. N. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents.

TO ADVERTISERS.—Lowest Rates for advertising in 970 good newspapers sent free. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., New York.

IMMUNITY from ANNOYANCE



Made only of the finest and best quality of Glass for withstanding heat.

Every good thing is Counterfeited, and consumers are CAUTIONED against IMITATIONS of these Chimneys made of VERY POOR GLASS. See that the exact label is on each chimney as above. The Pearl Top is always clear and bright Glass.

Manufactured ONLY by
GEO. A. MACBETH & CO.
Pittsburgh Lead Glass Works.
FOR SALE BY DEALERS.

AGENTS WANTED FOR OUR NEW BOOK
"SPY OF THE REBELLION."

Now selling by the *Tens of thousands!* No competition. Only book of its kind. The "SPY" reveals many *secrets of the war* never before published. A graphic account of the conspiracy to assassinate Lincoln. Perilous experiences of our FEDERAL SPIES in the Rebel Capitol; their heroic bravery fully recounted in these vivid sketches. The "Spy" is the most thrilling war book ever published. Endorsed by hundreds of Press and Agents' testimonials. A large handsome book, 688 pages; 50 illustrations.

AGENTS WANTED!

AGENTS! This book is *out-selling* all others. Over one hundred thousand applications for agencies have been received. We have many agents who have sold from *two to five hundred copies.*

The "SPY" is sold only by our Agents, and can *not* be found in bookstores. Sells to merchants, farmers, mechanics, and *everybody.* Absolutely *the easiest book to sell ever known!* We want one agent in every Grand Army Post and in every township and county in the U. S. For full particulars and *terms to agents* address G. W. CARLETON & CO., Publishers, New York.

Health is Wealth

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhoea caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

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have stood for 30 years the Standard Remedy for the cure of Liver Complaints, Costiveness, Sick Headache, and all derangements of the Liver. [illegible] R. E. SELLERS & CO., Prop'rs, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FARM AND FIRESIDE.

Iron nails thrown into the drinking water make a good tonic for fowls.

A separate, dry, cool cellar is the best for apples, pears, grapes and other fruits.

The later wheat is sown the heavier should be the seeding, as there is less chance for it to spread at the root before winter.

Lime and wood ashes sprinkled over the turnips will keep off the grasshoppers and little beetles that feed on those plants.

A writer on agricultural subjects says: "Do not sell hay, grain or straw, but convert them into meat, wool, butter and cheese."

Fall spading, besides the great gain so far as the tillage is concerned, usually results in freezing to death many larvæ of May beetles and other destructive grubs.

For corns take a piece of fresh beef, soak in vinegar for twenty four hours, shave it in very thin slices and bind upon the corn, renewing the application for three or four days.

Frequent comment is made on the new use of peaches for wine making.—It is said that the wine has a delightful flavor, is sure to become a favorite and is a profitable product.

In growing sorghum allow the seed to partially ripen before cutting the crop. The yield of sweet is not less and sorghum seed is worth as much per bushel for feeding as corn.

This month usually affords the best weather for pruning grape vines, and it is quite as well done at this season as later. Where it is necessary the vines can be laid down after pruning.

Scions that will be wanted for grafting in the spring can now be cut and placed in the cellar; they will keep well in a dry, frost-proof cellar, tied in bunches and set on end, the butts being buried an inch or two in the sand.

Take into the cellar a good supply of celery, lifting the plants without shaking out the roots, and setting them in trenches five or six inches deep in the cellar bottom, or in boxes having a few inches of soil in the bottom.

She: "I don't like my bonnet, now that I've got it. It doesn't match my hair at all." He: "You ought to have thought of that before you bought it." She: "My bonnet?" He: "No, your hair."

Ethel—"Papa, I am getting up a subscription to buy such a lovely dollar doll I saw in a window yesterday." Papa—"Well, my child, is your subscription nearly made up?" Ethel—"Oh, yes, papa! All I need from you is bare ninety-eight cents."

A Daily Defalcation.

The Hon. John Kelly, the head and front of Tammany Hall, a man of strict integrity, an indefatigable worker, early at his office, late to leave, so burdened with business that regular meals were seldom known by him, with mind in constant tension and energies steadily trained, finally broke down!

The wonder is that he did not sooner give way. An honest man in all things else, he acted unfairly with his physical resources. He was ever drawing upon this bank without ever depositing a collateral. The account overdrawn, the bank suspends and both are now in the hands of medical receivers.

It is not work that kills men. It is irregularity of habits and mental worry. No man in good health frets at his work. Bye and bye when the bank of vigor suspends, these men will wonder how it all happened, and they will keep wondering until their dying day unless, perchance, some candid physician or interested friend will point out to them how by irregularity, by excessive mental effort, by constant worry and fret, by plunging in deeper than they had a right to go, they have produced that loss of nervous energy which almost invariably expresses itself in a deranged condition of the kidneys and liver, for it is a well-known fact that the poison which the kidneys and liver should remove from the blood, if left therein, soon knocks the life out of the strongest and most vigorous man or woman. Daily building up of these vital organs by so wonderful and highly reputed a specific as Warner's safe cure, is the only guarantee that our business men can have that their strength will be equal to the labors daily put upon them.

Mr. Kelly has nervous dyspepsia, we learn, indicating, as we have said, a break-down of nerve force. His case should be a warning to others who, pursuing a like course, will certainly reach a like result.—*The Sunday Herald.*

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

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"ANAKESIS" gives instant Relief, and is an infallible CURE for PILES. "ANAKESIS" is sold by Druggists everywhere. Price, $1.00 per box, prepaid, by mail. Samples sent free by P. Neustaedter & Co., No. 23 Mercer St., New York, Sole manuf. of "ANAKESIS."

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HORSES.

When and How to Feed Them.

A horse ought to be fed when he is hungry, and he ought to be hungry every day. What makes him hungry? The constant waste of the system. The muscles when brought into use waste somewhat, especially exercise or labor is a draft upon the muscular system, in fact upon the whole system. After the system has been taxed, and if the tax is sufficient to partially exhaust or fatigue the animal, rest is more important than feed; hence the horse should stand and rest awhile before he is fed. Digestion demands a flow of blood to the organs then at work, and as the blood has been drawn away from them to sustain the muscular exertion during labor it should not be suddenly withdrawn and turned in upon the organs of digestion—hence let him rest, and after an hour or so, he will be found keen and "sharp set."

There is probably no food so good for recuperating exhausted muscles than good sound, heavy oats. They are easily digested, nutritious, muscle-building and blood making in a high degree. They are little heating, do not tend to making horses sweat, and on the whole are the best food a horse can have. Barley is very good, not equal to oats. Indian corn is a poor substitute, not so easily digested, heating, and causing the animal to sweat. As to system, a horse should have hay first, then grain, and water when these are digested, or water should be given half an hour at least before feeding. Horses often have dyspepsia, induced by being fed when warm, or being worked after a full meal. The practice of feeding hard-worked horses at noon and working them immediately after, is of doubtful utility. Horses will go eight and probably ten hours without food if properly fed at evening and morning. They should have water more frequently, but never when hot.—*American Agriculturist for November.*

"I wish you would renew this note. My father will endorse for me," said a Texas youth to Mose Schamburg. "Ven a fader has got no more sense than to endorse for such a son as you vas, vat segurity ish dot for me? Dot shows dot your fader vas a block of the young chip."

At the last meeting of the Conundrum Club the following was propounded: "What is the difference between woman's sphere and woman's fear?" After a long and severe struggle the conundrum was given up, and the perpetrator said: "One is a house and the other a mouse."

Take all in all.

—*Take* all the Kidneys and Liver *Medicines.*

—Take all the *Blood* purifiers.

—Take all the *Dyspepsia* and Indigestion *cures.*

—Take all the *Ague, Fever,* and bilious *specifics*

—Take all the *Brain* and Nerve force *revives.*

—Take all the *Great* health restorers.

In short, take all the best qualities of all these and the—*best*

—*Qualities* of all the best medicines in the world, and you will find that—*Hop*

—*Bitters* have the best curative qualities and powers of all—*concentrated* in them.

—And that they will cure when any or all of these, singly or—*combined.* Fail!!!!

—A thorough trial will give positive proof of this.

Hardened Liver.

Five years ago I broke down with kidney and liver complaint and rheumatism.

Since then I have been unable to be about at all. My liver became hard like wood; my limbs were puffed up and filled with water.

All the best physicians agreed that nothing could cure me. I resolved to try Hop Bitters; I have used seven bottles; the hardness has all gone from my liver, the swelling from my limbs, and it has *worked a miracle* in my case; otherwise I would have been now in my grave.

J. W. MOREY, Buffalo, Oct. 1, 1881

Poverty and Suffering.

"I was dragged down with debt, poverty and suffering for years, caused by a sick family and large bills for doctoring.

I was completely discouraged, until one year ago, by the advice of my pastor, I commenced using Hop Bitters, and in one month we were all well, and none of us have seen a sick day since, and I want to say to all poor men, you can keep your families well a year with Hop Bitters for less than one doctor's visit will cost. I know it."

—A WORKINGMAN.

None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

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Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick complete cure. Hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

"Buchu-Paiba."
Quick, complete cure, all kidney, bladder and urinary diseases, scalding, irritation, stone, gravel, catarrh of the bladder. $1, druggists.

Bed-Bugs, Flies.
Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, gophers, chipmunks, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

Thin People.
"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence, sexual debility. $1.

"Rough on Pain."
Cures cholera, colic, cramps, diarrhoea, aches, pains, sprains, headache, neuralgia, rheumatism. 20c. Rough on Pain Plasters. 15c.

Mothers.
If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Well's Health Renewer." $1. Druggists.

Life Preserver.
If you are losing your grip on life, try "Wells' Health Renewer." Goes direct to weak spots.

"Rough on Piles."
Cures piles or hemorrhoids, itching, protruding, bleeding, internal or other. Internal and external remedy in each package. Sure cure, 50c. Druggists.

Pretty Women.
Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity, don't fail to try "Well's Health Renewer."

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"Rough on Itch" cures humors, eruptions, ringworm, tetter, salt rheum, frosted feet, chilblains.

"Rough on Catarrh."
Corrects offensive odors at once. Complete cure of worst chronic, also unequaled as gargle for diphtheria, sore throat, foul breath. 50c.

The Hope of the Nation.
Children, slow in development, puny, scrawny and delicate use "Wells' Health Renewer."

Catarrh of the Bladder.
Stinging, irritation, inflammation, all kidney and urinary complaints cured by "Buchu-Paiba." $1.

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"Rough on Rats" clears them out, also beetles ants.

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A. W. Brown, M.D., of Providence, R. I., says: "I have used HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY in my practice for the past sixteen years, and cheerfully recommend it as being a *safe* and *reliable* remedy."

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General Chace of Rhode Island says: "I always keep HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY in my house. Taken in small doses occasionally at night, it prevents headache, and regulates the kidneys, stomach and other organs." 10

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Cleanse the Vitiated Blood when its impurities burst through the skin in Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when, and the health of the system will follow.

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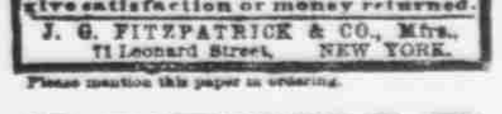

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Nov. 16, 1883. EBENSBURG, PA.

PURE BLOOD VS. COMMON STOCK.

The question may well come home to cattle breeders and owners all over the country—"Will it pay me to keep common stock when I can buy full blood at such a slightly higher price?" The autumn sales have averaged very low and many who have been deterred from selling are very willing to sell low at private sale. Farmers who have never kept full blooded stock can hardly expect to get high prices for stock which they may raise. They will think, perhaps that it is because they are not in the ring, or have not influence. That is not the reason. High priced stock have a reputation, supposed to be based upon merit, and it is this reputation which gives value to their progeny. A few days ago an eight months bull calf sold for three thousand dollars, not because of his intrinsic value, but on account of the reputation attached to his pedigree added to his own good qualities. He is the son of the Jersey cow, Princess 2d, a cow credited with having made forty-six pounds, twelve ounces of butter in one week, and his sire is Black Prince of Linden, a bull combining more famous blood elements than any other we know of except his sons. Princess 2d is dead, so there will be no more full calves of that breeding. There may be many just as good. It is no reason why a farmer should not secure a good full blood bull because he cannot at once realize high prices for his calves. If he knows they have merit that should satisfy him. Suppose in a herd of twenty fairly good cows we introduce a good full blooded bull, at a cost of one hundred and fifty dollars, which will secure a very good one. The twenty calves will probably be half males, good for veal. There will probably be a gain of fifty cents to a dollar a head on the veal calves, for half-bloods always fatten quicker and easier than scrubs and generally grow larger. The ten heifers will be marked after their sire, will follow his dam in strictly [illegible] nine points, as a rule, but will be influenced also by their own dams in whatever may have been the line of their breeding. If the dams have been bred at all, have been bred and kept with reference to their goodness as milkers this trait will be increased in the daughters, so it is fair to assume it hardly less than five dollars each, fifty dollars for the ten head, should be added to the value of the calves, credited to the bull. Fifty-five [illegible] dollars, or more than one-third the [illegible] of the bull will be returned [illegible] profit of his influence on the little [illegible] at the end of the first year. This is certainly an under estimate in three [illegible] out of four, as many know [illegible] profit.—*American Agriculturist.*

LOOK HERE, FARMERS!

A valued subscriber has requested us to [illegible] the light into an article [illegible] We have done so before, but will do so more emphatically.

Seed oats is high priced [illegible] any kind of good seed oats. But [illegible] that was not enough, the "Bohemian oats" man is on his rounds [illegible] is a smooth tongued rascal who represents that he has an article of [illegible] oats to sell. He descants on the [illegible] and beauties, and especially the [illegible] ulences of this article. He [illegible] it without trouble; [illegible] poor things' teeth out; [illegible] with expensive hulling machines [illegible] the grain is wanted to be ground for oatmeal, etc. Moreover, and biggest of all, if you buy "Bohemian" seed [illegible] from the fellow, at $10 a bushel, he [illegible] contract to take all the crop [illegible] from it at $7.50 a bushel.

Farmers, if this eloquent [illegible] your way show him the door and [illegible] hesitates to go set the dog on [illegible] This hulless "Bohemian" [illegible] fraud of the first water. The [illegible] oats is not good for horses, [illegible] was such a thing. Horses want [illegible] in their food, or it will [illegible] pating. Hulless oats has [illegible] ted as a curiosity by a few [illegible] others, but practically it is [illegible] You won't get enough from [illegible] to pay the expenses of your $10 [illegible] seed. Furthermore, if you [illegible] dred bushels to the acre [illegible] no account after you get it. [illegible] the scamps who make such a contract [illegible] ake your crop will never [illegible] to keep their bargain. Make a [illegible] this. It is to your advantage [illegible] your agricultural column, and you [illegible] be swindled.

Sheep Pastures.

Some of the disappointments and failures in keeping sheep are due to the prevailing but mistaken idea that sheep can live and do well without good food. "Turn them into a waste field and let them eat the briers and there [illegible] weeds," is the frequent advice of writers who never kept a sheep. One might as well say that a countryman might well say that a countryman might [illegible] well in a city by living off the garbage barrels and heaps in waste places. It is all very well for a farmer to turn a few sheep into a rough, neglected field to trim down the briers and weeds, [illegible] will there provide them with sufficient good food. In this way the folding of sheep upon an old field may be turned to good account. But for regular business one cannot hope to raise sheep this way. A good pasture, [illegible] winter feeding, well made [illegible] and good, careful [illegible] ment, are essential to success. [illegible] are fond of a variety of food—[illegible] weeds, and such things. [illegible] that, they run down fast. [illegible] on substantial food.—*American Agriculturist for November.*

A Barn With a Glass Roof

Mr. Jacob Rupp, living one-fourth of a mile from Farmersville, Lancaster county, has a barn with a glass roof, perhaps the only one within our knowledge. He bought the glass from an Ohio party at the rate of $14 per [illegible] making the cost of the roof $1,000, against $800 for the slate article. [illegible] the advantage, for one thing, that the glass roof weighs only 18 tons, while a slate roof weighs 28 tons. Mr. Rupp has a farm of 150 acres, 30 acres of it being woodland, and he is delighted with his experiment in the matter of the glass roof.